United Nations

FCCC/CP/2017/11

Framework Convention on Climate Change

Distr.: General
8 February 2018

Original: English

Conference of the Parties

Report of the Conference of the Parties on its twenty-third session, held in Bonn from 6 to 18 November 2017

Part one: Proceedings

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3/CP.23	Establishment of a gender action plan
4/CP.23	Koronivia joint work on agriculture
5/CP.23	Warsaw International Mechanism for Loss and Damage associated with Climate Change Impacts
6/CP.23	Long-term climate finance
7/CP.23	Report of the Standing Committee on Finance
8/CP.23	Review of the functions of the Standing Committee on Finance

9/CP.23 Report of the Green Climate Fund to the Conference of the Parties and guidance to the Green Climate Fund

10/CP.23 Report of the Global Environment Facility to the Conference of the Parties and guidance to the Global Environment Facility

11/CP.23 Sixth review of the Financial Mechanism

12/CP.23 Process to identify the information to be provided by Parties in accordance with Article 9, paragraph 5, of the Paris Agreement

FCCC/CP/2017/11/Add.2

13/CP.23 Assessment of the technical examination processes on mitigation and adaptation

14/CP.23 Review of the effective implementation of the Climate Technology Centre and Network

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18/CP.23 Scope of the next periodic review of the long-term global goal under the Convention and of overall progress towards achieving it

19/CP.23 Training programme for review experts for the technical review of biennial reports and national communications of Parties included in Annex I to the Convention

20/CP.23 Administrative, financial and institutional matters

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Resolution

1/CP.23 Expression of gratitude to the Government of the Federal Republic of Germany and the people of the city of Bonn

I. Opening of the session

(Agenda item 1)

1. The twenty-third session of the Conference of the Parties (COP), convened pursuant to Article 7, paragraph 4, of the Convention, was opened at the United Nations Climate Change Conference in Bonn, Germany, on 6 November 2017 by Mr. Salaheddine Mezouar (Morocco), President of COP 22.[1] Mr. Mezouar delivered an opening statement.

2. The opening also included statements by Ms. Patricia Espinosa, UNFCCC Executive Secretary, Mr. Peteri Taalas, Secretary-General of the World Meteorological Organization, Mr. Hoesung Lee, Chair of the Intergovernmental Panel on Climate Change, Ms. Barbara Hendricks, Minister for the Environment, Nature, Conservation, Building and Nuclear Safety of Germany, and Mr. Ashok-Alexander Sridharan, Mayor of the city of Bonn.[2]

II. Organizational matters

(Agenda item 2)

A. Election of the President of the Conference of the Parties at its twenty-third session

(Agenda sub-item 2(a))

3. At the 1st meeting of the COP,[3] on 6 November, Mr. Mezouar recalled that, in accordance with rule 22, paragraph 1, of the draft rules of procedure being applied, the office of President of the COP is subject to rotation among the five regional groups. He informed Parties that a nomination had been received from the Asia-Pacific States. Following the proposal of the President of COP 22, the COP elected by acclamation Mr. Frank Bainimarama, Prime Minister of Fiji, as President of COP 23. A statement was made by the newly elected President.[4]

B. Adoption of the rules of procedure

(Agenda sub-item 2(b))

4. Also at the 1st meeting, the President recalled that the President of COP 22 had proposed, and Parties had agreed, that he would conduct informal consultations on the draft rules of procedure and inform the COP of any developments. The President informed the COP that there continued to be no consensus on this matter and proposed that, as at previous sessions, the draft rules of procedure contained in document FCCC/CP/1996/2 should continue to be applied, with the exception of draft rule 42. He also proposed that Mr. Amena Yauvoli (Fiji) hold informal consultations on this issue and report back to the COP on the outcome.

5. At the 12th meeting, on 17 November, the President informed the COP that there was still no consensus on this issue. On a proposal by the President, the COP agreed to continue to apply the draft rules of procedure as outlined in paragraph 4 above and agreed that the President would continue consultations during the intersessional period and report back at COP 24 (December 2018).

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[1] COP 23 was held in conjunction with the thirteenth session of the Conference of the Parties serving as the meeting of the Parties to the Kyoto Protocol (CMP) and the second part of the first session of the Conference of the Parties serving as the meeting of the Parties to the Paris Agreement (CMA). The proceedings of the CMP and the CMA are contained in separate reports (FCCC/KP/CMP/2017/7 and FCCC/PA/CMA/2017/3, respectively). The proceedings of the joint meetings of the COP, the CMP and the CMA convened during the sessions are reproduced in all three reports.

[2] Available at https://cop23.unfccc.int/cop23/opening-statements.

[3] Meetings of the COP referred to in this report are plenary meetings.

[4] As footnote 2 above.

C. Adoption of the agenda

(Agenda sub-item 2(c))

6. At its 1st meeting, the COP considered a note by the Executive Secretary containing the provisional agenda and annotations as well as the supplementary provisional agendas.[5] The provisional agenda was prepared in agreement with the President of COP 22, after consultation with the Bureau, taking into consideration the views expressed by members of the Bureau as well as by Parties[6] at the forty-sixth session of the Subsidiary Body for Implementation (SBI). The supplementary provisional agendas were prepared by the Executive Secretary in agreement with the President of COP 22, in accordance with rule 12 of the draft rules of procedure being applied.

7. The supplementary provisional agendas were issued in response to two separate requests. The first, from the Islamic Republic of Iran on behalf of the Like-minded Developing Countries (LMDCs), was to include an agenda item entitled "Accelerating the implementation of the pre-2020 commitments and actions and increasing the pre-2020 ambition in accordance with paragraphs 3 and 4 of decision 1/CP.19". It was included on the supplementary provisional agenda as item 5.

8. The second request, from the Democratic Republic of the Congo, endorsed by Mozambique, was to include an agenda sub-item entitled "Gateway to encourage, measure, report, verify and account for greater ambition from corporate entities, investors, regions, states/provinces, cities and civil society organizations". It was included on the supplementary provisional agenda as sub-item 21(a).

9. The President informed the COP that his consultations on the inclusion on the agenda of items 5 and 21(a) of the supplementary provisional agenda did not result in a consensus. Accordingly, the President proposed that the President of COP 22 undertake further consultations on the proposed agenda items on his behalf and report back to the COP on the outcome.[7]

10. The President then proposed that the agenda be adopted as contained in document FCCC/CP/2017/1/Add.2, with the exception of items 5 and 21(a), which would be subject to consultations. He also proposed that items 6(a)[8] and 10 be held in abeyance.

11. Following the proposals of the President, the COP adopted the agenda as follows:

1. Opening of the session.
2. Organizational matters:
   - (a) Election of the President of the Conference of the Parties at its twenty-third session;
   - (b) Adoption of the rules of procedure;
   - (c) Adoption of the agenda;
   - (d) Election of officers other than the President;
   - (e) Admission of organizations as observers;
   - (f) Organization of work, including for the sessions of the subsidiary bodies;
   - (g) Dates and venues of future sessions;
   - (h) Adoption of the report on credentials.
3. Reports of the subsidiary bodies:

[5] FCCC/CP/2017/1 and Add.1/Rev.1 and Add.2.

[6] See document FCCC/SBI/2017/7, paragraph 104.

[7] For the outcome of the consultations on the supplementary provisional agenda item 5, see paragraph 35 below. For the outcome of the consultations on the supplementary provisional agenda sub-item 21(a), see paragraph 36 below.

[8] See document FCCC/CP/2016/10, paragraph 72.

(a) Report of the Subsidiary Body for Scientific and Technological Advice;

(b) Report of the Subsidiary Body for Implementation;

(c) Report of the Ad Hoc Working Group on the Paris Agreement.

4. Preparations for the implementation of the Paris Agreement and the first session of the Conference of the Parties serving as the meeting of the Parties to the Paris Agreement.

5. Consideration of proposals by Parties for amendments to the Convention under Article 15:

(a) Proposal from the Russian Federation to amend Article 4, paragraph 2(f), of the Convention (*agenda sub-item held in abeyance*);[9]

(b) Proposal from Papua New Guinea and Mexico to amend Articles 7 and 18 of the Convention.

6. Report of the Adaptation Committee.

7. Warsaw International Mechanism for Loss and Damage associated with Climate Change Impacts.

8. Development and transfer of technologies and implementation of the Technology Mechanism:

(a) Joint annual report of the Technology Executive Committee and the Climate Technology Centre and Network;

(b) Review of the effective implementation of the Climate Technology Centre and Network.

9. Second review of the adequacy of Article 4, paragraph 2(a) and (b), of the Convention (*agenda item held in abeyance*).[10]

10. Matters relating to finance:

(a) Long-term climate finance;

(b) Matters relating to the Standing Committee on Finance;

(c) Report of the Green Climate Fund to the Conference of the Parties and guidance to the Green Climate Fund;

(d) Report of the Global Environment Facility to the Conference of the Parties and guidance to the Global Environment Facility;

(e) Sixth review of the Financial Mechanism;

(f) Process to identify the information to be provided by Parties in accordance with Article 9, paragraph 5, of the Paris Agreement.

11. Reporting from and review of Parties included in Annex I to the Convention.

12. Reporting from Parties not included in Annex I to the Convention.

13. Capacity-building under the Convention.

14. Implementation of Article 4, paragraphs 8 and 9, of the Convention:

(a) Implementation of the Buenos Aires programme of work on adaptation and response measures (decision 1/CP.10);

[9] This sub-item was included on the provisional agenda for the session as agreed at COP 22 with the understanding that it would be held in abeyance at COP 23.

[10] This item was also held in abeyance at COP 22. It was included on the provisional agenda for COP 23 in accordance with rule 16 of the draft rules of procedure being applied.

(b) Matters relating to the least developed countries.

15. Assessment of the technical examination processes on mitigation and adaptation.

16. Gender and climate change.

17. Other matters referred to the Conference of the Parties by the subsidiary bodies.

18. Administrative, financial and institutional matters:

(a) Audit report and financial statements for 2016;

(b) Budget performance for the biennium 2016–2017;

(c) Programme budget for the biennium 2018–2019;

(d) Decision-making in the UNFCCC process;

(e) Review of the process established by decision 14/CP.1 relating to the selection and nomination of the Executive Secretary (at the level of Under-Secretary-General) and the Deputy Executive Secretary (at the level of Assistant Secretary-General).

19. High-level segment:

(a) Statements by Parties;

(b) Statements by observer organizations.

20. Other matters.

21. Conclusion of the session:

(a) Adoption of the draft report of the Conference of the Parties on its twenty-third session;

(b) Closure of the session.

12. In addition, statements were made by five Parties, including one on behalf of the Environmental Integrity Group (EIG).

D. Election of officers other than the President

(Agenda sub-item 2(d))

13. At the 1st meeting, the President informed the COP that Mr. Helmut Hojesky (Austria), a Vice-President of the COP, had begun consultations on the election of officers other than the President during the forty-sixth sessions of the subsidiary bodies and would continue the consultations until the nominations were finalized.

14. The President, recalling decisions 36/CP.7 and 23/CP.18, requested the COP to give active consideration to the nomination of women for elective posts in bodies established under the Convention. He also invited groups and constituencies to submit all outstanding nominations by 8 p.m. on Friday, 10 November. On a proposal by the President, the COP decided to postpone the election of the other officers of its Bureau until all nominations had been finalized.

15. The President informed the COP that, in accordance with rule 22 of the draft rules of procedure being applied, the incumbent members of the Bureau would remain in office until their successors had been elected.

16. At the 14th meeting, on 18 November, the President thanked Mr. Hojesky for his assistance with the consultations on the election of the other officers of the Bureau as well as the officers of other bodies under the Convention. He informed Parties that the nominations for COP Rapporteur and two COP Vice-Presidents were outstanding, and that, therefore, the COP 22 Rapporteur, Mr. Georg Børsting (Norway), and COP 22 Vice-Presidents Mr. Vladimir Uskov (Russian Federation) and Mr. Walter Schuldt-Espinel (Ecuador) would remain in office in accordance with rule 22, paragraph 2, of the draft rules

of procedure being applied. The COP, on a proposal by the President, urged the regional groups to conclude their consultations and submit the outstanding nominations to the Executive Secretary by 31 January 2018. Once these nominations have been received by the Executive Secretary, the nominees will be deemed elected at COP 23 in accordance with established practice.

17. On a proposal by the President, the COP elected by acclamation the other members of the Bureau of COP 23.[11] The composition of the Bureau is therefore as follows:

Bureau	
President	Mr. Frank Bainimarama (Fiji)
Vice-Presidents	Mr. Ian Fry (Tuvalu)
	Mr. Mohamed Nasr (Egypt)
	Ms. Konstancja Piatkowska (Poland)
	Mr. Walter Schuldt-Espinel (Ecuador)[12]
	Mr. Majid Shafiepour (Islamic Republic of Iran)[13]
	Mr. Vladimir Uskov (Russian Federation)[14]
Chair of the Subsidiary Body for Scientific and Technological Advice	Mr. Paul Watkinson (France)
Chair of the Subsidiary Body for Implementation	Mr. Emmanuel Dumisani Dlamini (Swaziland)
Rapporteur	Mr. Georg Børsting (Norway)[15]

E. Admission of organizations as observers

(Agenda sub-item 2(e))

18. At its 1st meeting, the COP considered a note by the secretariat on the admission of organizations as observers,[16] which lists six intergovernmental organizations (IGOs) and 132 non-governmental organizations (NGOs) that applied to be admitted as observers. In accordance with the recommendations of the Bureau, and on a proposal by the President, the COP admitted the organizations listed in the above-mentioned note by the secretariat.

F. Organization of work, including for the sessions of the subsidiary bodies

(Agenda sub-item 2(f))

19. At the 1st meeting, the President referred the COP to the annotations to the provisional agenda.[17] He noted that the subsidiary bodies would develop draft decisions and conclusions for consideration by the COP, and that it was imperative for the Subsidiary Body for Scientific and Technological Advice (SBSTA) and the SBI to conclude their work as scheduled, on Wednesday, 15 November. The President informed the COP that the SBSTA and the SBI would hold the first part of their closing plenary on Tuesday, 14 November, and would conclude their sessions on 15 November.

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[11] The list of officers elected to the Bureau of COP 23, the thirteenth session of the Conference of the Parties serving as the meeting of the Parties to the Kyoto Protocol and the second part of the first session of the Conference of the Parties serving as the meeting of the Parties to the Paris Agreement (CMA) is available at http://unfccc.int/6558.php.

[12] See paragraph 16 above.

[13] See paragraph 6 of document FCCC/PA/CMA/2017/3 regarding the election at CMA 1.2 of an additional member of the Bureau.

[14] See paragraph 16 above.

[15] See paragraph 16 above.

[16] FCCC/CP/2017/2.

[17] As footnote 5 above.

20. The President recalled that COP 21 had established the Ad Hoc Working Group on the Paris Agreement (APA) and had requested the APA to report at future sessions of the COP on the progress of its work. The President therefore informed the COP that the APA would resume its first session for its fourth part on Tuesday, 7 November, and conclude its work on 15 November. The APA would then submit the results of its work to the COP.

21. On a proposal by the President, the COP decided to refer the following agenda items to the subsidiary bodies:

Subsidiary Body for Scientific and Technological Advice and Subsidiary Body for Implementation

Item 6	Report of the Adaptation Committee
Item 7	Warsaw International Mechanism for Loss and Damage associated with Climate Change Impacts
Item 8(a)	Joint annual report of the Technology Executive Committee and the Climate Technology Centre and Network
Item 14(a)	Implementation of the Buenos Aires programme of work on adaptation and response measures (decision 1/CP.10)

Subsidiary Body for Implementation

Item 11	Reporting from and review of Parties included in Annex I to the Convention
Item 12	Reporting from Parties not included in Annex I to the Convention
Item 13	Capacity-building under the Convention
Item 14(b)	Matters relating to the least developed countries
Item 16	Gender and climate change
Item 18(a)	Audit report and financial statements for 2016
Item 18(b)	Budget performance for the biennium 2016–2017

22. Also at the 1st meeting, the President recalled that, by decision 2/CMP.12, the Conference of the Parties serving as the meeting of the Parties to the Kyoto Protocol (CMP) had invited the COP to bring to the attention of the APA the information provided by the Adaptation Fund Board on the added value of the Adaptation Fund for the operationalization of the Paris Agreement. On a proposal by the President, the COP requested the APA to include the information contained in the addendum to annex I to document FCCC/KP/CMP/2016/2 in its deliberations.

23. The President drew the attention of Parties to the recommendation of APA 1.3[18] that the COP may wish to address the need for procedural clarity regarding the draft decision for consideration and adoption at the first session of the Conference of the Parties serving as the meeting of the Parties to the Paris Agreement (CMA) on the matter referred to in paragraph 28(c)(ii) of document FCCC/APA/2017/2.

24. The President informed the COP that, during the conference:

(a) The SBI would convene the fourth facilitative sharing of views under the international consultation and analysis process[19] and complete the second round of multilateral assessment under the international assessment and review process[20] on 10 November;

(b) The high-level climate champions would convene a series of events under the banner of the Marrakech Partnership for Global Climate Action in the Bonn Zone.[21] The high-level event on climate action would open on 13 November in the Bonn Zone and close

[18] FCCC/APA/2017/2, paragraph 30.

[19] See document FCCC/SBI/2017/19, paragraph 11 and 12.

[20] See document FCCC/SBI/2017/19, paragraph 10.

[21] The conference was organized in two interlinked zones: events were held in the Bonn Zone and negotiations were held in the Bula Zone.

on 15 November in the Bula Zone, where the climate champions would report on the outcomes of the activities and their engagement throughout 2017;

(c) The Fijian Presidency would organize high-level events in the Bonn Zone and would convene the first open dialogue between UNFCCC NGO constituency representatives and Parties, as recommended at SBI 46,[22] on 8 November. The open dialogue would be convened in the *talanoa* spirit.

25. With regard to agenda item 19, "High-level segment", the President informed the COP that the inauguration of the joint high-level segment of the COP, the CMP and the CMA would take place on 15 November in the presence of Heads of State and Government, Mr. António Guterres, Secretary-General of the United Nations, and other dignitaries.

26. The President noted that Heads of State and Government, ministers and other heads of delegation would deliver national statements on 15 and 16 November. As per established practice,[23] no decisions would be taken in the joint meetings. The President set a time limit of three minutes for each statement at the high-level segment and informed the COP that each Party would have one opportunity to deliver a national statement. He also noted that statements by senior representatives of IGOs and NGOs would be heard on 16 November, that a time limit of two minutes per statement had been set and that the full version of all statements would be posted on the UNFCCC website.[24]

27. The President assured Parties of his intent to ensure a Party-driven, transparent and inclusive approach with proper time management. This would include enforcing agreed working practices, beginning meetings on time and ensuring meetings finish by 6 p.m. or, exceptionally, by 8 p.m. to allow the work to be completed by 16 November and to ensure an orderly closure of the conference on 17 November.

28. The President informed the COP that the COP and the CMA would convene a joint meeting on 16 November to review progress in the implementation of the work programme under the Paris Agreement.[25]

29. He further informed the COP that separate meetings of the COP, the CMP and the CMA would be held on 17 November to adopt decisions and conclusions, including those recommended by the subsidiary bodies.

30. The COP agreed to proceed on the basis of the proposals made by the President.

31. With regard to the request made by Turkey to seek access to support from the Green Climate Fund (GCF) and the Climate Technology Centre and Network (CTCN) under the Paris Agreement for Parties whose special circumstances are recognized by the COP, the President informed the COP at its 1st meeting that the President of COP 22 had informed him that the open-ended informal consultations convened in conjunction with the forty-sixth sessions of the subsidiary bodies had not resulted in any conclusions. The President also informed the COP that he had requested Mr. Jochen Flasbarth, State Secretary in the Ministry for the Environment, Nature Conservation, Building and Nuclear Safety of Germany, to undertake open-ended informal consultations on his behalf and to report back to the COP on the outcome.

32. At the 13th meeting, on 18 November, the President informed the COP that there was still no consensus on this issue and thanked Mr. Flasbarth for conducting the consultations on his behalf as a result of the request made by Turkey. On a proposal by the President, the COP agreed to conclude its consideration of the matter. Statements were made by representatives of two Parties.

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[22] FCCC/SBI/2017/7, paragraph 119(b).

[23] See document FCCC/SBI/1999/8, paragraph 63(e).

[24] https://cop23.unfccc.int/cop23/high-level-segment/high-level-segment-statements-of-cop23/cmp13/cma12.

[25] As per decision 1/CP.22, paragraph 11. See paragraph 66 below for a summary of the joint meeting. Owing to scheduling changes, the meeting was held on 17 November.

33. With regard to the special needs and special circumstances of Africa, the President informed the COP at its 3rd meeting, on 7 November, that during the year the President of COP 22 continued to convene open-ended consultations, chaired by Mr. Aziz Mekouar (Morocco), and that no conclusions had thus far been reached. The President also informed the COP that he would continue to conduct consultations on this matter. He requested Mr. Yauvoli to undertake these consultations on his behalf and to report back to him on the outcome.

34. At the 13th meeting, the President informed the COP that there was no consensus on this matter and thanked Mr. Yauvoli for conducting the consultations on his behalf. On a proposal by the President, the COP agreed to continue the open-ended consultations on this matter during COP 24. At the joint 15th meeting of the COP, 14th meeting of the CMP and 19th meeting of the CMA, on 18 November, convened to hear closing statements, the Independent Association for Latin America and the Caribbean (AILAC) requested that the special circumstances and needs of all developing countries, including the members of AILAC, be taken into account in the consultations.

35. With regard to the inclusion on the agenda of the supplementary provisional agenda item 5, at the 14th meeting the President recalled that he had requested the President of COP 22 to undertake further consultations on the matter and to report back on the outcome. The President informed the COP that the consultations had resulted in agreement among Parties. This agreement is reflected in section III of decision 1/CP.23. The President thanked the President of COP 22 and his team for their work.

36. With regard to the request for the inclusion on the agenda of the supplementary provisional agenda sub-item 21(a), at the 13th meeting the President informed the COP that there was still no consensus on this issue. The President thanked the President of COP 22 and his team for their effort.

37. The President convened an informal stocktaking plenary on 11 November to review progress made during the first week of the conference and to hear views of Parties on how to advance work in the second week in order to reach a successful outcome.[26]

38. At the joint 2nd meeting of the COP, 2nd meeting of the CMP and 9th meeting of the CMA, on 6 November, opening statements were made by representatives of 16 Parties, including on behalf of the Group of 77 and China; the European Union and its 28 member States; EIG; the Umbrella Group; the Alliance of Small Island States (AOSIS); the least developed countries; the African Group; the Coalition for Rainforest Nations; the LMDCs; AILAC; the Bolivarian Alliance for the Peoples of Our America – Peoples' Trade Treaty; Brazil, China, India and South Africa; and the Arab Group.

G. Dates and venues of future sessions

(Agenda sub-item 2(g))

39. At the 3rd meeting, the President noted that, in keeping with the principle of rotation among the regional groups, the President of COP 24, CMP 14 and CMA 1.3, to be convened in Katowice, Poland, from 3 to 14 December 2018, would come from the Eastern European States, the President of the sessions of the governing bodies to be convened in November 2019 from the Latin American and Caribbean States, and the President of the sessions of the governing bodies to be convened in November 2020 from the Western European and other States.

40. The President recalled that COP 22 had accepted the offer of the Government of Poland to host COP 24. He informed the COP that the Eastern European States had nominated Mr. Jan Szyszko, Minister of Environment of Poland, to serve as the President of COP 24, CMP 14 and CMA 1.3. Mr. Pawel Salek, State Secretary and Government Plenipotentiary for Climate Change of Poland, was invited to make a statement.

41. The President invited Parties to come forward with offers to host the United Nations Climate Change Conferences in 2019 and 2020. He proposed that Mr. Deo Saran (Fiji)

[26] See https://unfccc.cloud.streamworld.de/webcast/informal-stocktaking-plenary-by-the-president.

conduct informal consultations on this agenda sub-item on his behalf with a view to proposing a draft decision for consideration and adoption by the COP at the closing meeting.

42. At the 13th meeting, the President thanked Mr. Saran for conducting informal consultations on his behalf.

43. On a proposal by the President, the COP adopted decision 22/CP.23, entitled "Dates and venues of future sessions".

44. At the same meeting, a statement was made by Mr. Szyszko, President-designate of COP 24, which included the announcement of the nomination of Mr. Tomasz Chruszczow as the high-level climate champion.

H. Adoption of the report on credentials
(Agenda sub-item 2(h))

45. At the 12th meeting, the President referred to the report on credentials,[27] which the Bureau, in accordance with rule 20 of the draft rules of procedure being applied, had examined and approved.

46. The COP, on the basis of the report of the Bureau and the additional credentials provided by four Parties (Angola, Colombia, Namibia and Thailand), accepted the credentials of Parties attending the session. In addition, the secretariat received credentials from New Zealand on 17 November 2017; Sao Tome and Principe on 23 November 2017; Dominican Republic, Kenya, Mauritius, Senegal and Venezuela (Bolivarian Republic of) on 29 November 2017; and the Plurinational State of Bolivia on 30 November 2017.

I. Attendance

47. The sessions in Bonn were attended by representatives of 194 Parties to the Convention as well as representatives of one observer State, as listed in the annex.

48. The session was also attended by representatives of 56 United Nations bodies and programmes, convention secretariats, specialized agencies and institutions, and related organizations of the United Nations system, as well as representatives of 75 IGOs and 953 NGOs, as listed in document FCCC/CP/2017/INF.4.

49. According to decisions 36/CMP.1 and 2/CMA.1, the admission of organizations as observers as decided by the COP also applies to the CMP and the CMA, respectively. Observer organizations newly admitted to the sessions of the COP, the CMP and the CMA are listed in document FCCC/CP/2017/2.

J. Documentation

50. The documents that were before COP 23 are available on the UNFCCC website.[28]

III. Reports of the subsidiary bodies
(Agenda item 3)

A. Report of the Subsidiary Body for Scientific and Technological Advice
(Agenda sub-item 3(a))

51. At the 12th meeting, the Chair of the SBSTA, Mr. Carlos Fuller (Belize), introduced the draft report on SBSTA 47[29] and gave an oral report on the results of SBSTA 46 and 47.

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[27] FCCC/CP/2017/10–FCCC/KP/CMP/2017/7–FCCC/PA/CMA/2017/2.

[28] http://unfccc.int/meetings/bonn_nov_2017/session/10376.php?view/documents.php#c and http://unfccc.int/meetings/bonn_nov_2017/in-session/items/10482.php.

[29] FCCC/SBSTA/2017/L.18.

52. On a proposal by the President, the COP took note of the report on SBSTA 46,[30] the draft report on SBSTA 47 and the oral report provided by the Chair of the SBSTA. The President expressed his appreciation to Mr. Fuller for his skilful guidance of the work of the SBSTA over the past two years.

53. At the same meeting, the SBSTA recommended two draft decisions for consideration and adoption by the COP under this agenda sub-item. Other recommendations of the SBSTA are reflected in this report under the appropriate agenda items.

54. The COP, on recommendations of the SBSTA,[31] adopted the following decisions:

(a) Decision 2/CP.23, entitled "Local communities and indigenous peoples platform";

(b) Decision 4/CP.23, entitled "Koronivia joint work on agriculture".

55. Also at that meeting, the President reminded the COP that SBSTA 46 and SBI 46 had recommended a draft decision[32] for adoption by the COP on a joint agenda item. On the basis of that recommendation, the COP adopted decision 18/CP.23, entitled "Scope of the next periodic review of the long-term global goal under the Convention and of overall progress towards achieving it".

56. A statement was made by a representative of one Party.

B. Report of the Subsidiary Body for Implementation
(Agenda sub-item 3(b))

57. At the 12th meeting, the Chair of the SBI, Mr. Chruszczow, introduced the draft report on SBI 47[33] and gave an oral report on the results of SBI 46 and 47.

58. On a proposal by the President, the COP took note of the report on SBI 46,[34] the draft report on SBI 47 and the oral report provided by the Chair of the SBI. The recommendations of the SBI are reflected in this report under the appropriate agenda items. The President expressed his appreciation to Mr. Chruszczow for his skilful guidance of the work of the SBI over the past two years.

C. Report of the Ad Hoc Working Group on the Paris Agreement
(Agenda sub-item 3(c))

59. At the 14th meeting, the Co-Chairs of the APA, Ms. Sarah Baashan (Parties not included in Annex I to the Convention) and Ms. Jo Tyndall (Parties included in Annex I to the Convention), introduced the draft report on APA 1.4[35] and gave an oral report on the results of APA 1.3 and 1.4.

60. On a proposal by the President, the COP took note of the report on APA 1.3,[36] the draft report on APA 1.4 and the oral report provided by the Co-Chairs of the APA. The President expressed his appreciation to Ms. Baashan and Ms. Tyndall for their skilful guidance of the work of the APA.

[30] FCCC/SBSTA/2017/4 and Add.1.
[31] FCCC/SBSTA/2017/7, paragraphs 109 and 46 respectively.
[32] FCCC/SBSTA/2017/4, paragraph 56, and FCCC/SBI/2017/7, paragraph 99.
[33] FCCC/SBI/2017/L.19.
[34] FCCC/SBI/2017/7 and Add.1 and 2.
[35] FCCC/APA/2017/L.3.
[36] FCCC/APA/2017/2.

IV. Preparations for the implementation of the Paris Agreement and the first session of the Conference of the Parties serving as the meeting of the Parties to the Paris Agreement

(Agenda item 4)

61. At the 3rd meeting, the President recalled that the Paris Agreement had entered into force on 4 November 2016.

62. The President informed the COP that, as at 6 November 2017, 168 Parties to the Convention had deposited their instruments of ratification, acceptance, approval or accession to the Paris Agreement. He congratulated those Parties that had ratified the Paris Agreement and invited all other Parties to the Convention to expedite their ratification.

63. The President recalled that, at COP 21, the COP had decided to oversee the implementation of the work programme resulting from the relevant requests contained in decision 1/CP.21, paragraph 9. The President also recalled that, at COP 22, the COP had decided to convene at COP 23 a joint meeting with the CMA to review progress in the implementation of the work programme under the Paris Agreement.[37]

64. The President further recalled that COP 21 had decided to convene a facilitative dialogue among Parties in 2018 and that COP 22 had requested the Presidents of COP 22 and COP 23 to conduct transparent and inclusive consultations with Parties during 2017 on the organization of that facilitative dialogue. The President informed the COP that consultations had been conducted under the leadership of Ms. Nazhat Shameem Khan (Fiji) and Mr. Mekouar, who were then invited to provide an oral report to the COP on their consultations. Afterwards, the President requested them to continue during the conference their consultations on the features of the dialogue. The President informed the COP that he would announce the final approach to the design of the facilitative dialogue at the closing plenary.

65. At the same meeting, representatives of six Parties made statements, including one on behalf of AOSIS, one on behalf of the LMDCs and one on behalf of AILAC. Statements were also made by representatives of local government and municipal authorities and youth NGOs.

66. On 17 November, the joint 11th meeting of the COP and 17th meeting of the CMA was convened to review progress in the implementation of the work programme under the Paris Agreement. The Chairs of the SBSTA and the SBI and the Co-Chairs of the APA provided an update on progress made on the elements of the work programme under their respective bodies. The President reiterated the important oversight role of the COP with regard to the implementation of the work programme. He informed Parties that he had requested Ms. Khan to work closely with the Chairs of the SBSTA and the SBI and the Co-Chairs of the APA throughout the year. He also informed Parties that he had asked Ms. Khan to consult on his behalf on a COP decision that would identify how best to advance and complete the work programme by the end of 2018. Ms. Khan then provided Parties with an update on the consultations on the outcome of COP 23.[38]

67. At its 14th meeting, on a proposal by the President, the COP adopted decision 1/CP.23, entitled "Fiji momentum for implementation". The President noted that the decision underscored the importance of maintaining momentum, the determination of Parties to complete the Paris Agreement work programme in 2018, and the importance of pre-2020 implementation and ambition. The COP also launched the 2018 facilitative dialogue, to be known as the Talanoa Dialogue. The approach to the design of the dialogue is contained in an informal note by the Presidencies of COP 22 and COP 23, which can be found in annex II to decision 1/CP.23.

[37] Decision 1/CP.22, paragraph 11.

[38] See https://unfccc.cloud.streamworld.de/webcast/joint-11th-meeting-of-the-cop-and-17th-meeting-of-

68. The President noted that the Talanoa Dialogue would consider, as one of its elements, the efforts of Parties on action and support, as appropriate, in the pre-2020 period.

69. The President also noted that the Talanoa Dialogue would be led jointly by the Presidencies of COP 23 and COP 24.

70. On a proposal by the President, the COP requested the secretariat, subject to the availability of funds:

(a) To prepare inputs from the Presidencies of COP 23 and COP 24, under their guidance, to the Talanoa Dialogue;

(b) To support the realization of the dialogue;

(c) To develop and manage an online platform so as to facilitate access to all inputs to the Talanoa Dialogue.

71. The President thanked Ms. Khan and Mr. Mekouar for their hard work in leading the consultations on the Talanoa Dialogue.

V. Consideration of proposals by Parties for amendments to the Convention under Article 15

(Agenda item 5)

A. Proposal from the Russian Federation to amend Article 4, paragraph 2(f), of the Convention

(Agenda sub-item 5(a) *held in abeyance*)

B. Proposal from Papua New Guinea and Mexico to amend Articles 7 and 18 of the Convention

(Agenda sub-item 5(b))

72. At the 3rd meeting, the President referred to the documents listed for this agenda item in document FCCC/CP/2017/1.[39]

73. At the same meeting, on a proposal by the President, the COP agreed to hold informal consultations facilitated by Mr. Yauvoli on this matter and to report back to the COP on the outcome.

74. At the 12th meeting, the President informed the COP that Parties had not concluded their consideration of this matter and thanked Mr. Yauvoli for his assistance. In accordance with rules 10(c) and 16 of the draft rules of procedure being applied, this matter will be included on the provisional agenda for COP 24.

VI. Report of the Adaptation Committee

(Agenda item 6)

75. The COP had before it the report of the Adaptation Committee.[40] At its 1st meeting, the COP decided to refer this agenda item to the SBSTA and the SBI for their consideration.

76. At its 12th meeting, the COP took note of the SBSTA[41] and SBI[42] conclusions on this matter.

[39] FCCC/CP/2011/5 and FCCC/CP/2011/4/Rev.1.

[40] FCCC/SB/2017/2 and FCCC/SB/2017/2/Add.1–FCCC/SBI/2017/14/Add.1.

[41] FCCC/SBSTA/2017/7, paragraphs 29–32.

[42] FCCC/SBI/2017/19, paragraphs 77–80.

77. At the 14th meeting, the President noted that nominations to the Adaptation Committee were outstanding and urged groups and constituencies to continue their consultations and submit the outstanding nominations to the Executive Secretary as soon as possible and by 31 January 2018 at the latest. Once the nominations have been received by the Executive Secretary, the members will be deemed elected at COP 23 in accordance with established practice.

78. Acting on a proposal by the President, the COP elected the following members of the Adaptation Committee:[43]

Adaptation Committee

Asia-Pacific States	Ms. Liu Shuo (China)
African States	Ms. Madeline Diouf (Senegal)
	Ms. Kulthoum Motsumi (Botswana)
Eastern European States	Mr. Vladimir M. Kattsov (Russian Federation)
	Ms. Iryna Trofimova (Ukraine)
Parties included in Annex I to the Convention	Ms. Meredith Ryder-Rude (United States of America)

VII. Warsaw International Mechanism for Loss and Damage associated with Climate Change Impacts

(Agenda item 7)

79. The COP had before it the report of the Executive Committee of the Warsaw International Mechanism for Loss and Damage associated with Climate Change Impacts.[44] At its 1st meeting, the COP decided to refer this agenda item to the SBSTA and the SBI for their consideration.

80. At its 12th meeting, on a joint recommendation of the SBSTA[45] and the SBI,[46] the COP adopted decision 5/CP.23, entitled "Warsaw International Mechanism for Loss and Damage associated with Climate Change Impacts".

81. On the joint recommendation of the SBSTA and the SBI, the COP agreed that the expert dialogue referred to in paragraph 9 of decision 5/CP.23 be named the Suva expert dialogue and that the clearing house for risk transfer, which the Executive Committee of the Warsaw International Mechanism had operationalized and launched at COP 23, be named the Fiji Clearing House for Risk Transfer.

82. At the 14th meeting, the President noted that a nomination to the Executive Committee of the Warsaw International Mechanism was outstanding and urged the constituency concerned to continue its consultations and submit the outstanding nomination to the Executive Secretary as soon as possible and by 31 January 2018 at the latest. Once the nomination has been received by the Executive Secretary, the member will be deemed elected at COP 23 in accordance with established practice.

83. Acting on a proposal by the President, the COP elected the following members of the Executive Committee of the Warsaw International Mechanism:[47]

[43] The latest list of members and alternate members is available at http://unfccc.int/files/bodies/election_and_membership/application/pdf/nominations_received.pdf.

[44] FCCC/SB/2017/1 and Add.1.

[45] FCCC/SBSTA/2017/7, paragraphs 33 and 34.

[46] FCCC/SBI/2017/19, paragraphs 81–83.

[47] As footnote 43 above.

The Executive Committee of the Warsaw International Mechanism for Loss and Damage associated with Climate Change Impacts

Parties included in Annex I to the Convention	Ms. Monika Antosik (Poland)
	Mr. Erling Kvernevik (Norway)
	Mr. Thomas de Lannoy (European Union)
	Mr. Christoph von Stechow (Germany)
	Mr. Kimio Takeya (Japan)
Parties not included in Annex I to the Convention	Mr. Nedal Katbehbader (State of Palestine)
	Ms. Ekaterina Mikadze (Georgia)
	Mr. Nurul Quadir (Bangladesh)
	Ms. Sumaya Zakieldeen (Sudan)

VIII. Development and transfer of technologies and implementation of the Technology Mechanism

(Agenda item 8)

A. Joint annual report of the Technology Executive Committee and the Climate Technology Centre and Network

(Agenda sub-item 8(a))

84. The COP had before it the joint annual report of the Technology Executive Committee (TEC) and the CTCN for 2017.[48] At its 1st meeting, the COP decided to refer this agenda sub-item to the SBSTA and the SBI for their consideration.

85. At its 12th meeting, on a joint recommendation of the SBSTA[49] and the SBI,[50] the COP adopted decision 15/CP.23, entitled "Enhancing climate technology development and transfer through the Technology Mechanism".

86. At its 14th meeting, the President noted that nominations to the TEC and the Advisory Board of the CTCN were outstanding and urged constituencies to continue their consultations and submit the outstanding nominations to the Executive Secretary as soon as possible and by 31 January 2018 at the latest. Once the nominations have been received by the Executive Secretary, the members will be deemed elected at COP 23 in accordance with established practice.

87. Acting on a proposal by the President, the COP elected the following members of the TEC:[51]

Technology Executive Committee

Parties included in Annex I to the Convention	Ms. Alysha Bagsara (New Zealand)
	Ms. Dinara Gershinkova (Russian Federation)
	Mr. Igor Onopchuk (Ukraine)
	Mr. Michael Rantil (Sweden)
	Ms. Elodie Trauchessec (France)
Parties not included in Annex I to the Convention	Mr. Ayele Anabo (Ethiopia)
	Ms. Stella Gama (Malawi)
	Mr. Changmo Sung (Republic of Korea)

[48] FCCC/SB/2017/3.
[49] FCCC/SBSTA/2017/7, paragraph 35.
[50] FCCC/SBI/2017/19, paragraph 84.
[51] As footnote 43 above.

88. At the same meeting, the COP, acting on a proposal by the President, elected the following members of the Advisory Board of the CTCN:[52]

Advisory Board of the Climate Technology Centre and Network

Parties included in Annex I to the Convention	Ms. Sara Aagesen-Munoz (Spain)
	Ms. Moa Forstorp (Sweden)
	Ms. Orly Jacob (Canada)
	Ms. Mette Moglestue (Norway)
Parties not included in Annex I to the Convention	Mr. Joseph Amaukwah Baffoe (Ghana)
	Mr. Pei Liang (China)
	Ms. Maia Tskhvaradze (Georgia)

B. Review of the effective implementation of the Climate Technology Centre and Network

(Agenda sub-item 8(b))

89. At the 3rd meeting, the President recalled that COP 17 had requested the secretariat, subject to the availability of resources, to commission an independent review of the effective implementation of the CTCN four years after its inception.[53] The President also recalled that COP 18 had agreed that the United Nations Environment Programme would be selected as the host of the Climate Technology Centre for an initial term of five years, with possible renewal if so decided at COP 23.[54]

90. The COP was invited to consider the findings of, and recommendations arising from, the independent review referred to in paragraph 89 above and to determine any further follow-up actions for enhancing the performance of the CTCN.

91. The COP was also invited to consider matters relating to the renewal of the memorandum of understanding between the COP and the United Nations Environment Programme regarding the hosting of the Climate Technology Centre and to determine any follow-up action, as appropriate.

92. On a proposal by the President, the COP established informal consultations on these matters facilitated by Mr. Balisi Gopolang (Botswana) and Ms. Elfriede-Anna More (Austria).

93. At the same meeting, statements were made by representatives of business and industry NGOs and environmental NGOs.

94. At its 12th meeting, on a proposal by the President, the COP adopted decision 14/CP.23, entitled "Review of the effective implementation of the Climate Technology Centre and Network". The President thanked Mr. Gopolang and Ms. More for their hard work.

IX. Second review of the adequacy of Article 4, paragraph 2(a) and (b), of the Convention

(Agenda item 9 *held in abeyance*)

X. Matters relating to finance

(Agenda item 10)

A. Long-term climate finance

(Agenda sub-item 10(a))

[52] As footnote 43 above.

[53] Decision 2/CP.17, annex VII, paragraph 20.

[54] Decision 14/CP.18, paragraph 2.

95. At the 3rd meeting, the President invited the COP to consider the summary report on the in-session workshop on long-term climate finance in 2017[55] and the note by the President of COP 22 on the second biennial high-level ministerial dialogue on climate finance.[56]

96. The President invited Mr. Mezouar to provide an update on activities undertaken following the high-level ministerial dialogue.

97. On a proposal by the President, the COP established a contact group on this matter co-chaired by Mr. Zaheer Fakir (South Africa) and Mr. Børsting.

98. At its 14th meeting, on a proposal by the President, the COP adopted decision 6/CP.23, entitled "Long-term climate finance". The President thanked Mr. Fakir and Mr. Børsting for their hard work.

B. Matters relating to the Standing Committee on Finance
(Agenda sub-item 10(b))

99. At its 3rd meeting, the COP had before it the report of the Standing Committee on Finance (SCF)[57] and a technical paper on the review of the functions of the SCF.[58]

100. The President thanked the Co-Chairs of the SCF, Ms. Bernarditas Muller (Philippines) and Mr. Børsting, for their work. He invited the COP to consider the report of the SCF and to consider and adopt the review of the functions of the SCF as prepared by the SBI in accordance with decision 9/CP.22, paragraphs 1, 4 and 6.

101. On a proposal by the President, the COP established a contact group on this matter co-chaired by Ms. Delphine Eyraud (France) and Ms. Ngedikes Olai Uludong (Palau).

102. At its 14th meeting, on a proposal by the President, the COP adopted the following decisions:

(a) Decision 7/CP.23, entitled "Report of the Standing Committee on Finance";

(b) Decision 8/CP.23, entitled "Review of the functions of the Standing Committee on Finance".

103. The President thanked Ms. Eyraud and Ms. Uludong for their hard work.

C. Report of the Green Climate Fund to the Conference of the Parties and guidance to the Green Climate Fund
(Agenda sub-item 10(c))

104. At its 3rd meeting, the COP had before it the report of the GCF to the COP,[59] the report of the SCF to the COP[60] and a report on the operation of the registry of nationally appropriate mitigation actions.[61]

105. On the invitation of the President, the Co-Chairs of the GCF Board, Mr. Ewen McDonald (Australia) and Mr. Ayman Shasly (Saudi Arabia), reported on the progress of the work of the GCF in 2017. The President thanked the board for its dedication and work, and invited the COP to consider the reports of the GCF and the SCF and to provide guidance to the GCF.

106. On a proposal by the President, the COP established a contact group on this matter co-chaired by Mr. Tosi Mpanu (Democratic Republic of the Congo) and Mr. Stefan Schwager (Switzerland).

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[55] FCCC/CP/2017/4.
[56] FCCC/CP/2017/8.
[57] FCCC/CP/2017/9.
[58] FCCC/TP/2017/4.
[59] FCCC/CP/2017/5 and Add.1.
[60] As footnote 57 above.
[61] FCCC/CP/2017/INF.3.

107. At its 14th meeting, on a proposal by the President, the COP adopted decision 9/CP.23, entitled "Report of the Green Climate Fund to the Conference of the Parties and guidance to the Green Climate Fund". The President thanked Mr. Mpanu and Mr. Schwager for their hard work.

D. Report of the Global Environment Facility to the Conference of the Parties and guidance to the Global Environment Facility

(Agenda sub-item 10(d))

108. At its 3rd meeting, the COP had before it the report of the Global Environment Facility (GEF) to the COP[62] and the report of the SCF to the COP and the report on the operation of the registry of nationally appropriate mitigation actions referred to in paragraph 104 above.

109. On the invitation of the President, a representative of the GEF secretariat, Ms. Chizuru Aoki, reported on the activities of the GEF in 2017 related to the Convention and on the conformity of those activities with the guidance received from the COP. The President thanked Ms. Aoki and invited the COP to consider the reports of the GEF and the SCF and to provide guidance to the GEF.

110. On a proposal by the President, this agenda sub-item was considered by the contact group referred to in paragraph 106 above.

111. At its 14th meeting, on a proposal by the President, the COP adopted decision 10/CP.23, entitled "Report of the Global Environment Facility to the Conference of the Parties and guidance to the Global Environment Facility".

E. Sixth review of the Financial Mechanism

(Agenda sub-item 10(e))

112. At the 3rd meeting, the President recalled that COP 4 had decided to review the Financial Mechanism every four years in accordance with Article 11, paragraph 4, of the Convention[63] and that COP 22 adopted the updated guidelines for the sixth review and requested the SCF to provide expert input to the review with a view to the review being finalized at COP 23.[64]

113. On a proposal by the President, this agenda sub-item was considered by the contact group referred to in paragraph 101 above.

114. At its 14th meeting, on a proposal by the President, the COP adopted decision 11/CP.23, entitled "Sixth review of the Financial Mechanism".

F. Process to identify the information to be provided by Parties in accordance with Article 9, paragraph 5, of the Paris Agreement

(Agenda sub-item 10(f))

115. At the 3rd meeting, the President recalled that COP 22 had decided to initiate a process to identify the information to be provided by Parties in accordance with Article 9, paragraph 5, of the Paris Agreement with a view to providing a recommendation for consideration and adoption at CMA 1.[65]

116. The President also recalled that, in accordance with decision 13/CP.22, a round-table discussion among Parties was organized by the secretariat. On a proposal by the President, the COP was invited to consider the summary report[66] on the round-table discussion.

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[62] FCCC/CP/2017/7 and Add.1.
[63] Decision 3/CP.4, paragraph 2.
[64] Decision 12/CP.22, paragraphs 1 and 2.
[65] Decision 1/CP.21, paragraph 55.
[66] FCCC/CP/2017/INF.2.

117. On a proposal by the President, the COP established a contact group on this matter co-chaired by Ms. Outi Honkatukia (Finland) and Mr. Andres Eduardo Mogro Zambrano (Ecuador).

118. Statements were made by representatives of business and industry NGOs, local government and municipal authorities, women and gender NGOs and youth NGOs.

119. At its 14th meeting, on a proposal by the President, the COP adopted decision 12/CP.23, entitled "Process to identify the information to be provided by Parties in accordance with Article 9, paragraph 5, of the Paris Agreement".

120. The President thanked Ms. Honkatukia and Mr. Zambrano for their hard work.

XI. Reporting from and review of Parties included in Annex I to the Convention

(Agenda item 11)

121. At its 1st meeting, the COP decided to refer this agenda item to the SBI for its consideration.

122. At its 12th meeting, the COP took note of the SBI conclusions[67] regarding the status of submission and review of second biennial reports from Parties included in Annex I to the Convention.

123. The COP noted that SBI 48 would continue the consideration of the compilation and synthesis of second biennial reports from Parties included in Annex I to the Convention.

124. At the same meeting, on a recommendation of the SBSTA,[68] the COP adopted decision 19/CP.23, entitled "Training programme for review experts for the technical review of biennial reports and national communications of Parties included in Annex I to the Convention".

XII. Reporting from Parties not included in Annex I to the Convention

(Agenda item 12)

125. At its 1st meeting, the COP decided to refer this agenda item to the SBI for its consideration.

126. At its 12th meeting, the COP took note of the SBI conclusions on:

(a) Work of the Consultative Group of Experts on National Communications from Parties not included in Annex I to the Convention;[69]

(b) Provision of financial and technical support.[70]

127. At the same meeting, the COP noted that the SBI had agreed to initiate its consideration of the revision of the modalities and guidelines for international consultation and analysis at SBI 48 on the basis of experience in the first round of international consultation and analysis.[71]

128. At its 14th meeting, the COP noted the nominations of members to the Consultative Group of Experts on National Communications from Parties not included in Annex I to the Convention.[72]

[67] FCCC/SBI/2017/19, paragraph 16.
[68] FCCC/SBSTA/2017/4, paragraph 86.
[69] FCCC/SBI/2017/19, paragraphs 20–26.
[70] FCCC/SBI/2017/19, paragraph 27.
[71] FCCC/SBI/2017/19, paragraph 29.
[72] See http://unfccc.int/bodies/election_and_membership/items/6558.php.

XIII. Capacity-building under the Convention
(Agenda item 13)

129. At its 1st meeting, the COP decided to refer this agenda item to the SBI for its consideration.

130. At its 12th meeting, on a recommendation of the SBI, the COP adopted the following decisions:

(a) Decision 16/CP.23, entitled "Annual technical progress report of the Paris Committee on Capacity-building for 2017";

(b) Decision 17/CP.23, entitled "Fourth review of the implementation of the framework for capacity-building in countries with economies in transition".

XIV. Implementation of Article 4, paragraphs 8 and 9, of the Convention
(Agenda item 14)

A. Implementation of the Buenos Aires programme of work on adaptation and response measures (decision 1/CP.10)
(Agenda sub-item 14(a))

131. At its 1st meeting, the COP decided to refer this agenda sub-item to the SBSTA and the SBI for their consideration.

132. At its 13th meeting, the COP took note of the SBSTA 47 conclusions[73] on this matter under agenda item 3, "Nairobi work programme on impacts, vulnerability and adaptation to climate change".

133. At the same meeting, the COP noted that SBI 47 had considered this matter under agenda sub-item 17(d), "Progress on the implementation of decision 1/CP.10". The COP also noted that Parties did not reach specific conclusions on this matter and that the SBI had agreed to continue consideration of the matter at SBI 48.[74]

B. Matters relating to the least developed countries
(Agenda sub-item 14(b))

134. At its 1st meeting, the COP decided to refer this agenda sub-item to the SBI for its consideration.

135. At its 12th meeting, the COP took note of the SBI conclusions[75] on matters relating to the least developed countries.

XV. Assessment of the technical examination processes on mitigation and adaptation
(Agenda item 15)

136. At its 3rd meeting, the President recalled that, at COP 21, the COP had resolved to strengthen, in the period 2016–2020, the technical examination process on mitigation to consider opportunities for actions with high mitigation potential, including those with adaptation and sustainable development co-benefits. He also recalled that COP 21 had launched a technical examination process on adaptation for the same period to consider opportunities for strengthening resilience, reducing vulnerabilities and increasing the implementation of adaptation action.

[73] FCCC/SBSTA/2017/7, paragraphs 12–27.
[74] FCCC/SBI/2017/19, paragraph 131.
[75] FCCC/SBI/2017/19, paragraphs 48–60.

137. The President further recalled that, at COP 21, the COP had decided to assess the two processes to improve their effectiveness in 2017. On a proposal by the President, the COP agreed to convene open-ended consultations facilitated by Mr. Saran to further explore and consider the experience with the technical examination processes with a view to improving their effectiveness and to report back to the COP on the outcome.

138. At the same meeting, a statement was made by a representative of local government and municipal authorities.

139. At its 12th meeting, on a proposal by the President, the COP adopted decision 13/CP.23, entitled "Assessment of the technical examination processes on mitigation and adaptation".

XVI. Gender and climate change

(Agenda item 16)

140. At its 1st meeting, the COP decided to refer this agenda item to the SBI for its consideration.

141. At its 12th meeting, on a recommendation of the SBI,[76] the COP adopted decision 3/CP.23, entitled "Establishment of a gender action plan".

XVII. Other matters referred to the Conference of the Parties by the subsidiary bodies

(Agenda item 17)

142. At its 13th meeting, the COP noted that no matters had been raised under this agenda item.

XVIII. Administrative, financial and institutional matters

(Agenda item 18)

A. Audit report and financial statements for 2016

(Agenda sub-item 18(a))

B. Budget performance for the biennium 2016–2017

(Agenda sub-item 18(b))

143. At its 1st meeting, the COP decided to refer agenda sub-items 18(a) and (b) to the SBI for its consideration.

144. At its 12th meeting, on a recommendation of the SBI,[77] the COP adopted decision 20/CP.23, entitled "Administrative, financial and institutional matters".

C. Programme budget for the biennium 2018–2019

(Agenda sub-item 18(c))

145. At its 1st meeting, the COP decided to refer this agenda sub-item to the SBI for its consideration.

146. At its 12th meeting, the COP took note of the draft decision on the programme budget for the biennium 2018–2019 recommended at SBI 46[78] for adoption at COP 23, and the recommendation of SBI 47[79] to amend the draft decision by removing the following text

[76] FCCC/SBI/2017/19, paragraph 142.
[77] FCCC/SBI/2017/7/Add.1.
[78] As footnote 77 above.
[79] FCCC/SBI/2017/19, paragraphs 146.

from the third preambular paragraph: "and the revised work programme contained in document [xxx]".

147. The COP, on a proposal by the President, adopted decision 21/CP.23, entitled "Programme budget for the biennium 2018–2019", as amended.

D. Decision-making in the UNFCCC process
(Agenda sub-item 18(d))

148. At the 3rd meeting, the President proposed that Mr. Yauvoli conduct informal consultations on this matter and report back to the COP on the outcome.

149. At the same meeting, a representative of a Party made a statement.

150. At the 13th meeting, the President thanked Mr. Yauvoli for his assistance and informed the COP that, while there had been a constructive discussion on the issue, Parties had not concluded their consideration of the matter, and that, in accordance with rules 10(c) and 16 of the draft rules of procedure being applied, this matter will be included on the provisional agenda for COP 24.

E. Review of the process established by decision 14/CP.1 relating to the selection and nomination of the Executive Secretary (at the level of Under-Secretary-General) and the Deputy Executive Secretary (at the level of Assistant Secretary-General)
(Agenda sub-item 18(e))

151. At its 13th meeting, the COP had before it a document containing background information on decision 14/CP.1 and the process to appoint the Executive Secretary and the Deputy Executive Secretary.[80]

152. The President recalled that COP 22 had requested SBI 46 to consider this matter with a view to forwarding a recommendation to COP 23.[81]

153. At the same meeting, on a proposal by the President, the COP took note of the conclusions of the SBI[82] on the selection processes for the Executive Secretary and the Deputy Executive Secretary, which affirmed that, on the basis of established practice at the secretariat, the processes for future selection of the Executive Secretary and the Deputy Executive Secretary should continue to be undertaken in line with the United Nations principles and practices.

XIX. High-level segment
(Agenda item 19)

154. At the joint 4th meeting of the COP and the CMP and the 10th meeting of the CMA, on 15 November, the joint high-level segment of the three bodies was opened by the President.

155. Statements were made by the President; Mr. Frank-Walter Steinmeier, President of the Federal Republic of Germany; Mr. Guterres; and Mr. Miroslav Lajčák, President of the United Nations General Assembly.[83]

A. Statements by Parties
(Agenda sub-item 19(a))

[80] FCCC/CP/2016/INF.2.

[81] See document FCCC/CP/2016/10, paragraph 148.

[82] FCCC/SBI/2017/7, paragraph 138.

[83] The statements, considered to be part of the official record of the session, are available at https://cop23.unfccc.int/cop23/opening-statements-cop23/cmp13/cma12.

156. During the high-level segment, 163 statements were delivered by 162 Parties.[84] Statements were given by 25 Heads of State and Government, four Vice-Presidents and Deputy Prime Ministers and 135 ministers[85] and representatives of Parties.[86]

157. The representative of Morocco attended the high-level segment but did not deliver a statement. The statement was posted on the high-level segment page of the UNFCCC website.[87]

158. Two Parties, Albania and Kenya, requested to have their statements posted on the UNFCCC website in lieu of oral delivery.[88]

B. Statements by observer organizations

(Agenda sub-item 19(b))

159. At the joint 9th meeting of the COP, 9th meeting of the CMP and 15th meeting of the CMA, on 16 November, 23 statements were made by representatives of IGOs and NGOs.[89]

C. Closing the high-level event on global climate action

160. The closing of the high-level event on global climate action was held on 15 November. At the event, the *Yearbook of Global Climate Action 2017*[90] was presented to the President of the COP. The yearbook provides an annual overview of action in seven thematic areas and the achievements made under the Marrakech Partnership for Global Climate Action.

161. Statements were made by Mr. Inia Seruirata, COP 23 high-level champion and Minister for Agriculture, Rural and Maritime Development and National Disaster Management of Fiji; Mr. Mezouar; Ms. Jill Peeters, member of the Climate Action Leadership Network; Mr. Sridharan; Ms. Fiza Farhan, member of the United Nations Secretary-General's High-Level Panel on Women's Economic Empowerment; Ms. Nicola Sturgeon, First Minister of Scotland; Mr. Frank Appel, Chief Executive Officer of Deutsche Post DHL Group; Mr. Manuel Pulgar-Vidal, Head of Climate Change at the World Wildlife Fund; Mr. Guterres; and Mr. Bainimarama.

XX. Other matters

(Agenda item 20)

162. At its 13th meeting, the COP noted that no other matter had been raised under this agenda item.

XXI. Conclusion of the session

(Agenda item 21)

163. At the joint 15th meeting of the COP, 14th meeting of the CMP and 19th meeting of the CMA, groups of Parties and observer organizations made closing statements.

164. Statements were made by representatives of Mexico (on behalf of EIG), the Democratic Republic of the Congo (on behalf of the Coalition for Rainforest Nations), Brazil (on behalf of Brazil, China, India and South Africa), Ecuador (on behalf of the

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[84] Ecuador delivered two statements: a national statement and a statement on behalf of the Group of 77 and China.

[85] Two ministers spoke jointly on behalf of the European Union.

[86] The statements, considered to be part of the official record of the session, are available at https://unfccc.cloud.streamworld.de/ondemand.

[87] https://cop23.unfccc.int/cop23/high-level-segment/high-level-segment-statements-of-cop23/cmp13/cma12.

[88] See footnote 87 above.

[89] As footnote 86 above.

[90] Available at http://unfccc.int/paris_agreement/items/9951.php.

Group of 77 and China), Maldives (on behalf of AOSIS), Australia (on behalf of the Umbrella Group), Estonia (on behalf of the European Union and its 28 member States), Ethiopia (on behalf of the least developed countries), Mali (on behalf of the African States), the Islamic Republic of Iran (on behalf of the LMDCs) and Peru (on behalf of AILAC), and representatives of three Parties also made statements.

165. At the same meeting, statements were made by representatives of women and gender NGOs, youth NGOs, indigenous peoples organizations, and research and independent NGOs.

166. At the 16th meeting, on 18 November, a representative of the secretariat provided a preliminary estimate of the administrative and budgetary implications of some of the decisions adopted during the session, in accordance with rule 15 of the draft rules of procedure being applied.

167. He informed the COP that certain activities mandated at the session required resources additional to the approved budget for the biennium 2018–2019: under agenda sub-item 3(a), "Report of the Subsidiary Body for Scientific and Technological Advice", additional funding in the amount of EUR 45,000 will be required; under agenda item 4, "Preparations for the implementation of the Paris Agreement and the first session of the Conference of the Parties serving as the meeting of the Parties to the Paris Agreement", additional funding in the amount of EUR 4.4 million will be required; under agenda sub-item 10(a), "Long-term climate finance", additional funding in the amount of EUR 113,000 will be required; and under agenda item 16, "Gender and climate change", additional funding in the amount of EUR 280,000 will be required.

168. He noted that these amounts were preliminary and based on the information available at that time.

169. Resource requirements in 2020 and beyond resulting from decisions adopted at this session will be reviewed in the context of established budgetary procedures, including requirements under agenda sub-item 8(b), "Review of the effective implementation of the Climate Technology Centre and Network", for which additional funding in the amount of EUR 75,000 will be required in 2021.

A. Adoption of the report of the Conference of the Parties on its twenty-third session

(Agenda sub-item 21(a))

170. At its 16th meeting, the COP considered the draft report on its twenty-third session and, on a proposal by the President, authorized the Rapporteur to complete the report under the guidance of the President and with the assistance of the secretariat.

B. Closure of the session

(Agenda sub-item 21(b))

171. At the same meeting, on a proposal by the President, the COP adopted resolution 1/CP.23, entitled "Expression of gratitude to the Government of the Federal Republic of Germany and the people of the city of Bonn".

172. The President then declared COP 23 closed.[91]

[91] COP 23 obtained certification under the Eco Management and Audit Scheme (EMAS), which is the environmental management system of the European Union. This means that the sustainable organization of the session was found to be fully compliant with EMAS principles, such as reducing the environmental impact of the event, communicating the results in a transparent manner and following the path of continuous improvement. Special thanks are extended to the Government of Germany and the secretariat for their leadership and determination. Future hosts of COP sessions are encouraged to ensure that United Nations climate change conferences play their part in achieving the Sustainable Development Goals.

Annex

Parties to the Convention and observer States attending the twenty-third session of the Conference of the Parties

[English only]

A. Parties to the Convention

Afghanistan
Albania
Algeria
Andorra
Angola
Antigua and Barbuda
Argentina
Armenia
Australia
Austria
Azerbaijan
Bahamas
Bahrain
Bangladesh
Barbados
Belarus
Belgium
Belize
Benin
Bhutan
Bolivia (Plurinational State of)
Bosnia and Herzegovina
Botswana
Brazil
Brunei Darussalam
Bulgaria
Burkina Faso
Burundi
Cabo Verde
Cambodia
Cameroon
Canada
Central African Republic
Chad
Chile
China
Colombia
Comoros
Congo
Cook Islands
Costa Rica
Côte d'Ivoire
Croatia
Cuba
Cyprus
Czechia
Democratic People's Republic of Korea
Democratic Republic of the Congo
Denmark
Djibouti
Dominica
Dominican Republic
Ecuador
Egypt
El Salvador
Equatorial Guinea
Estonia
Ethiopia
European Union
Fiji
Finland
France
Gabon
Gambia
Georgia
Germany
Ghana
Greece
Grenada
Guatemala
Guinea
Guinea-Bissau
Guyana
Haiti
Honduras
Hungary
Iceland
India
Indonesia
Iran (Islamic Republic of)
Iraq
Ireland
Israel
Italy
Jamaica
Japan
Jordan
Kazakhstan
Kenya
Kiribati
Kuwait
Kyrgyzstan
Lao People's Democratic Republic
Latvia
Lebanon
Lesotho
Liberia
Libya
Liechtenstein
Lithuania
Luxembourg
Madagascar

Malawi
Malaysia
Maldives
Mali
Malta
Marshall Islands
Mauritania
Mauritius
Mexico
Micronesia (Federated States of)
Monaco
Mongolia
Montenegro
Morocco
Mozambique
Myanmar
Namibia
Nauru
Nepal
Netherlands
New Zealand
Nicaragua
Niger
Nigeria
Niue
Norway
Oman
Pakistan
Palau
Panama
Papua New Guinea
Paraguay
Peru
Philippines
Poland
Portugal
Qatar
Republic of Korea
Republic of Moldova
Romania
Russian Federation
Rwanda
Saint Kitts and Nevis
Saint Lucia
Saint Vincent and the Grenadines
Samoa
Sao Tome and Principe
Saudi Arabia
Senegal
Serbia
Seychelles
Sierra Leone
Singapore
Slovakia
Slovenia
Solomon Islands
Somalia
South Africa
South Sudan
Spain
Sri Lanka
State of Palestine
Sudan
Suriname
Swaziland
Sweden
Switzerland
Syria Arab Republic
Tajikistan
Thailand
The former Yugoslav Republic of Macedonia
Timor-Leste
Togo
Tonga
Tunisia
Turkey
Turkmenistan
Tuvalu
Uganda
Ukraine
United Arab Emirates
United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland
United Republic of Tanzania
United States of America
Uruguay
Uzbekistan
Vanuatu
Venezuela (Bolivarian Republic of)
Viet Nam
Yemen
Zambia
Zimbabwe

B. Observer States

Holy See

United Nations

Framework Convention on Climate Change

FCCC/CP/2017/11/Add.1

Distr.: General
8 February 2018

Original: English

Conference of the Parties

Report of the Conference of the Parties on its twenty-third session, held in Bonn from 6 to 18 November 2017

Addendum

Part two: Action taken by the Conference of the Parties at its twenty-third session

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Please recycle

Decision 1/CP.23

Fiji momentum for implementation

The Conference of the Parties,

Recalling the Paris Agreement, adopted under the Convention,

Also recalling decisions 1/CP.21, 1/CP.22 and 1/CMA.1,

Congratulating Parties that have ratified, accepted or approved, or acceded to the Paris Agreement,

Underscoring the importance of keeping the momentum and continuing to uphold the spirit and vision of the Paris Agreement,

Highlighting the urgency of the completion of the work programme under the Paris Agreement,

I. Completion of the work programme under the Paris Agreement

1. *Welcomes* progress in the implementation of the work programme under the Paris Agreement, described in decision 1/CMA.1 and decision 1/CP.22, by the Conference of the Parties, all three subsidiary bodies and the constituted bodies under the Convention;

2. *Confirms* its firm determination to oversee and accelerate the completion of the work programme under the Paris Agreement by its twenty-fourth session (December 2018) and to forward the outcomes for consideration and adoption by the Conference of the Parties serving as the meeting of the Parties to the Paris Agreement at the third part of its first session (December 2018);

3. *Requests* the secretariat to develop an online platform that will provide an overview, based on the list contained in annex I, with weblinks to complete information and references on the work of the Conference of the Parties and the subsidiary and constituted bodies on the work programme under the Paris Agreement;

4. *Reiterates* its request to the subsidiary and constituted bodies to accelerate their work on the work programme under the Paris Agreement and to forward the outcomes to the Conference of the Parties at its twenty-fourth session at the latest;[1]

5. *Recognizes* that an additional negotiating session for all three subsidiary bodies may be needed between the forty-eighth sessions of the subsidiary bodies (April–May 2018) and the twenty-fourth session of the Conference of the Parties, to facilitate the timely completion of the work programme under the Paris Agreement by the twenty-fourth session of the Conference of the Parties, in accordance with decisions 1/CP.22 and 1/CMA.1;

6. *Decides* that its President, in consultation with the Bureau of the Conference of the Parties and the Co-Chairs of the Ad Hoc Working Group on the Paris Agreement, will assess the need for the additional negotiating session referred to in paragraph 5 above, on the basis of the outcomes of the forty-eighth sessions of the Subsidiary Body for Scientific and Technological Advice and the Subsidiary Body for Implementation and the fifth part of the first session of the Ad Hoc Working Group on the Paris Agreement (April–May 2018), and guide the secretariat accordingly;

7. *Agrees* that, should the additional negotiating session referred to in paragraph 5 above be needed, it would address matters relating to the work programme under the Paris Agreement being considered by the subsidiary bodies;

[1] Decision 1/CP.22, paragraph 10.

8. *Also agrees* that the additional negotiating session referred to in paragraph 5 above should be organized in a cost-effective manner, including with respect to the length of the session and related logistical matters such as interpretation and translation into the official United Nations languages, while also allowing for the effective participation of delegates from developing countries;

9. *Requests* the secretariat to make provisional and, if required, final arrangements for the additional negotiating session referred to in paragraph 5 above, and to finalize the arrangements should the additional negotiating session be confirmed, subject to the availability of financial resources;

II. Talanoa Dialogue

10. *Welcomes with appreciation* the design of the 2018 facilitative dialogue, to be known as the Talanoa Dialogue, announced at the twenty-third session of the Conference of the Parties by the Presidents of the twenty-second and twenty-third sessions of the Conference of the Parties, as contained in the informal note by the Presidencies of the twenty-second and twenty-third sessions of the Conference of the Parties (see annex II);

11. *Launches* the Talanoa Dialogue, which will start in January 2018;

III. Pre-2020 implementation and ambition

Noting that all Parties share the view that pre-2020 implementation and ambition are of utmost importance,

Emphasizing that enhanced pre-2020 ambition can lay a solid foundation for enhanced post-2020 ambition,

Recognizing the importance of continued consideration by the Conference of the Parties of the efforts of Parties in relation to action and support in the pre-2020 period,

Also recognizing the importance of bringing visibility to and creating a more coherent understanding of the pre-2020 work of the UNFCCC bodies,

Further recognizing the commitment undertaken by developed country Parties to a goal of mobilizing jointly USD 100 billion annually by 2020 to address the needs of developing countries in the context of meaningful mitigation actions and transparency on implementation,

Noting that biennial high-level ministerial dialogues on climate finance will be held in 2018 and 2020 in accordance with decision 3/CP.19,

Also noting that the Standing Committee on Finance will prepare biennial assessments and overviews of climate finance flows in 2018 and 2020 in accordance with decision 2/CP.17,

12. *Requests* the President of the Conference of the Parties and the UNFCCC Executive Secretary to send joint letters to Parties to the Kyoto Protocol that are yet to ratify the Doha Amendment to the Kyoto Protocol urging them to deposit their instruments of acceptance with the Depositary as soon as possible;

13. *Also requests* the secretariat to consult the United Nations Secretary-General on ways to promote the ratification of the Doha Amendment to the Kyoto Protocol;

14. *Invites* Parties to submit via the submission portal,[2] by 1 May 2018, additional information on progress in implementing decision 1/CP.21, section IV: enhanced action prior to 2020;

15. *Requests* the secretariat to prepare a synthesis report on the submissions referred to in paragraph 14 above as input to the stocktake referred to in paragraph 17 below;

[2] http://www4.unfccc.int/sites/submissionportal/Pages/Home.aspx.

16. *Welcomes* the report of the President of the Conference of the Parties that noted that the 2018 facilitative dialogue[3] (Talanoa Dialogue) will consider, as an element of the dialogue, the efforts of Parties in relation to action and support, as appropriate, in the pre-2020 period;

17. *Decides* to convene a stocktake on pre-2020 implementation and ambition at the twenty-fourth session of the Conference of the Parties, which will apply the format of the 2016 facilitative dialogue[4] and consider, inter alia:

(a) The inputs of the Conference of the Parties, the Conference of the Parties serving as the meeting of the Parties to the Kyoto Protocol, the Subsidiary Body for Implementation, the Subsidiary Body for Scientific and Technological Advice, the constituted bodies under the Convention and the Kyoto Protocol, and the operating entities of the Financial Mechanism;

(b) The mitigation efforts of Parties in the pre-2020 period;

(c) The provision of support in the pre-2020 period;

(d) The work of the Marrakech Partnership for Global Climate Action, including the summaries for policymakers of the technical examination processes and the yearbooks on climate action prepared by the high-level champions;

18. *Also decides* to convene a stocktake on pre-2020 implementation and ambition at the twenty-fifth session of the Conference of the Parties (November 2019), which will apply the format of the stocktake referred to in paragraph 17 above and consider, inter alia:

(a) The inputs of the Conference of the Parties, the Conference of the Parties serving as the meeting of the Parties to the Kyoto Protocol, the Subsidiary Body for Implementation, the Subsidiary Body for Scientific and Technological Advice, the constituted bodies under the Convention and the Kyoto Protocol, and the operating entities of the Financial Mechanism;

(b) The outcomes of the high-level ministerial dialogue on climate finance to be held at the twenty-fourth session of the Conference of the Parties;

(c) The relevant outcomes of the Talanoa Dialogue referred to in paragraph 16 above;

(d) The outcomes of the stocktake referred to in paragraph 17 above;

(e) The work of the Marrakech Partnership for Global Climate Action, including the summaries for policymakers of the technical examination processes and the yearbooks on climate action prepared by the high-level champions;

19. *Requests* the secretariat to prepare reports on the stocktakes referred to in paragraphs 17 and 18 above;

20. *Takes note* of the estimated budgetary implications of the activities to be undertaken by the secretariat referred to in this decision and *requests* that the actions called for in this decision be undertaken subject to the availability of financial resources.

[3] Pursuant to decision 1/CP.21, paragraph 20, and decision 1/CP.22, paragraph 16.

[4] As established by decision 1/CP.21, paragraph 115. See also http://unfccc.int/9985.

Annex I

Work of the Conference of the Parties and the subsidiary and constituted bodies on the work programme under the Paris Agreement for the first session of the Conference of the Parties serving as the meeting of the Parties to the Paris Agreement[1]

- Matters relating to Article 4 of the Paris Agreement and paragraphs 22–35 of decision 1/CP.21

  (a) Further guidance in relation to the mitigation section of decision 1/CP.21 *(APA*)*

  (b) Modalities and procedures for the operation and use of a public registry referred to in Article 4, paragraph 12 (NDC registry) *(SBI)*

  (c) Common time frames for NDCs (Article 4, paragraph 10) *(SBI)*

  (d) Modalities, work programme and functions under the Paris Agreement of the forum on the impact of the implementation of response measures *(SBSTA/SBI)*

- Matters relating to Article 6 of the Paris Agreement and paragraphs 36–40 of decision 1/CP.21

  (a) Guidance on cooperative approaches (Article 6, paragraph 2) *(SBSTA)*

  (b) Rules, modalities and procedures for the mechanism (Article 6, paragraph 4) *(SBSTA)*

  (c) Work programme under the framework for non-market approaches (Article 6, paragraph 8) *(SBSTA)*

- Matters relating to Article 7 of the Paris Agreement and paragraphs 41, 42 and 45 of decision 1/CP.21

  (a) Further guidance for the adaptation communication *(APA)*

  (b) Modalities and procedures for the operation and use of a public registry referred to in Article 7, paragraph 12 (adaptation registry) *(SBI)*

  (c) Review of adaptation-related institutional arrangements under the Convention *(AC; SBSTA/SBI)*

  (d) Methodologies for assessing adaptation needs with a view to assisting developing country Parties without placing an undue burden on them *(AC; SBSTA/SBI)*

  (e) Modalities for the recognition of adaptation efforts of developing country Parties under Article 7, paragraph 3 *(AC/LEG; SBSTA/SBI)*

  (f) Methodologies to facilitate the mobilization of support for adaptation in developing countries *(AC/LEG, in collaboration with SCF; SBSTA/SBI)*

  (g) Methodologies on reviewing the adequacy and effectiveness of adaptation and support referred to in Article 7, paragraph 14(c) *(AC/LEG, in collaboration with SCF; SBSTA/SBI)*

- Matters relating to Article 8 of the Paris Agreement and paragraphs 47–51 of decision 1/CP.21

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[1] Weblinks to facilitators' notes prepared during this session will be made available on the UNFCCC website.

* Abbreviations: AC = Adaptation Committee, APA = Ad Hoc Working Group on the Paris Agreement, COP = Conference of the Parties, LEG = Least Developed Countries Expert Group, NDC = nationally determined contribution, SBI = Subsidiary Body for Implementation, SBSTA = Subsidiary Body for Scientific and Technological Advice, SCF = Standing Committee on Finance, WIM Excom = Executive Committee of the Warsaw International Mechanism for Loss and Damage associated with Climate Change Impacts.

(a) Warsaw International Mechanism for Loss and Damage associated with Climate Change Impacts *(WIM Excom)*

- Matters relating to Article 9 of the Paris Agreement and paragraphs 52–64 of decision 1/CP.21

(a) Modalities for the accounting of financial resources provided and mobilized through public interventions in accordance with Article 9, paragraph 7 *(SBSTA)*

(b) Process to identify information to be provided by Parties in accordance with Article 9, paragraph 5 *(COP)*

(c) Adaptation Fund *(APA)*

- Matters relating to Article 10 of the Paris Agreement and paragraphs 66–70 of decision 1/CP.21

(a) Scope and modalities of the periodic assessment of the Technology Mechanism *(SBI)*

(b) Technology framework under Article 10, paragraph 4 *(SBSTA)*

- Matters relating to Article 11 of the Paris Agreement and paragraph 81 of decision 1/CP.21

(a) Institutional arrangements on capacity-building to support the Paris Agreement (Article 11, paragraph 5) *(COP)*

- Matters relating to Article 12 of the Paris Agreement and paragraphs 82 and 83 of decision 1/CP.21

(a) Enhancing the implementation of education, training, public awareness, public participation and public access to information *(SBI)*

- Matters relating to Article 13 of the Paris Agreement and paragraphs 84–98 of decision 1/CP.21

(a) Modalities, procedures and guidelines for the enhanced transparency framework for action and support *(APA)*

- Matters relating to Article 14 of the Paris Agreement and paragraphs 99–101 of decision 1/CP.21

(a) Matters relating to the global stocktake (inputs/modalities) (*APA*)

- Matters relating to Article 15 of the Paris Agreement and paragraphs 102 and 103 of decision 1/CP.21

(a) Modalities and procedures for the effective operation of the committee to facilitate implementation and promote compliance *(APA)*

- Possible additional matters relating to the implementation of the Paris Agreement *(APA)*[2]

[2] Different views were expressed by Parties on whether possible additional matters should be added to the work programme under the Paris Agreement for the first session of the Conference of the Parties serving as the meeting of the Parties to the Paris Agreement, including the issues discussed under agenda item 8 of the Ad Hoc Working Group on the Paris Agreement.

Annex II*

[English only]

Informal note by the Presidencies of COP 22 and COP 23

17 November 2017

Talanoa dialogue

Approach

The Presidencies of COP 22 and COP 23 conducted extensive consultations on the Talanoa dialogue throughout 2017, which continued during the twenty-third session of the COP. This informal note has been prepared by the Presidencies of COP 22 and COP 23 on this basis.

Mandate

The COP by its decision 1/CP.21, paragraph 20, decided to "convene a facilitative dialogue among Parties in 2018 to take stock of the collective efforts of Parties in relation to progress towards the long-term goal referred to in Article 4, paragraph 1, of the Agreement and to inform the preparation of nationally determined contributions pursuant to Article 4, paragraph 8, of the Agreement".

Features of the Talanoa dialogue

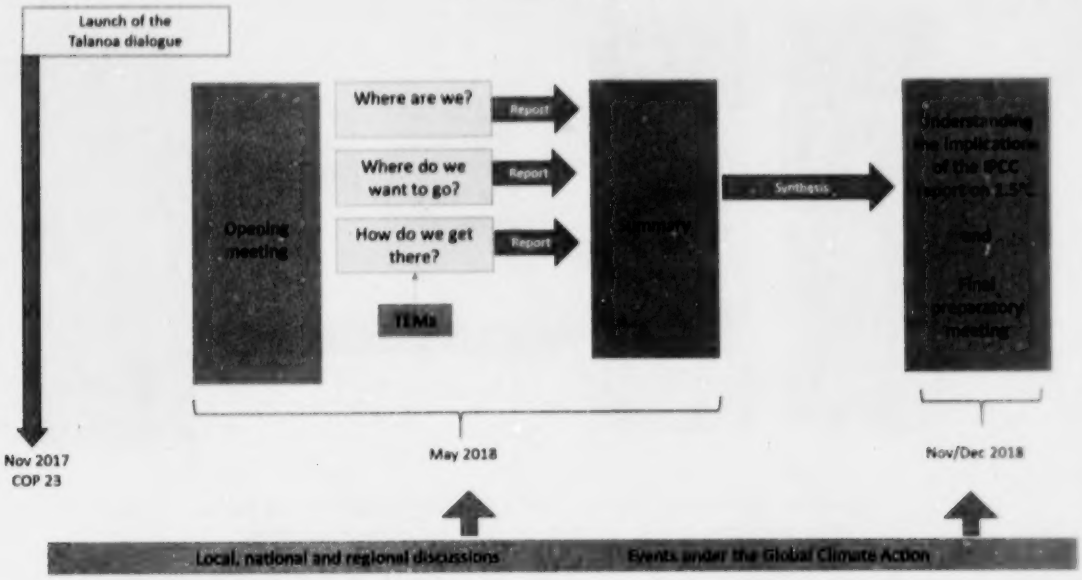
Based on input received by Parties, the main features of the dialogue are as follows:

- The dialogue should be constructive, facilitative and solutions oriented;
- The dialogue should not lead to discussions of a confrontational nature in which individual Parties or groups of Parties are singled out;
- The dialogue will be conducted in the spirit of the Pacific tradition of Talanoa:
    - Talanoa is a traditional approach used in Fiji and the Pacific to engage in an inclusive, participatory and transparent dialogue;
    - The purpose of Talanoa is to share stories, build empathy and trust;
    - During the process, participants advance their knowledge through common understanding;
    - It creates a platform of dialogue, which results in better decision-making for the collective good;
    - By focusing on the benefits of collective action, this process will inform decision-making and move the global climate agenda forward;
- The dialogue should be conducted in a manner that promotes cooperation;
- The dialogue will be structured around three general topics:
    - Where are we?
    - Where do we want to go?
    - How do we get there?

* Reproduced as received from the Presidents of the twenty-second and twenty-third sessions of the Conference of the Parties.

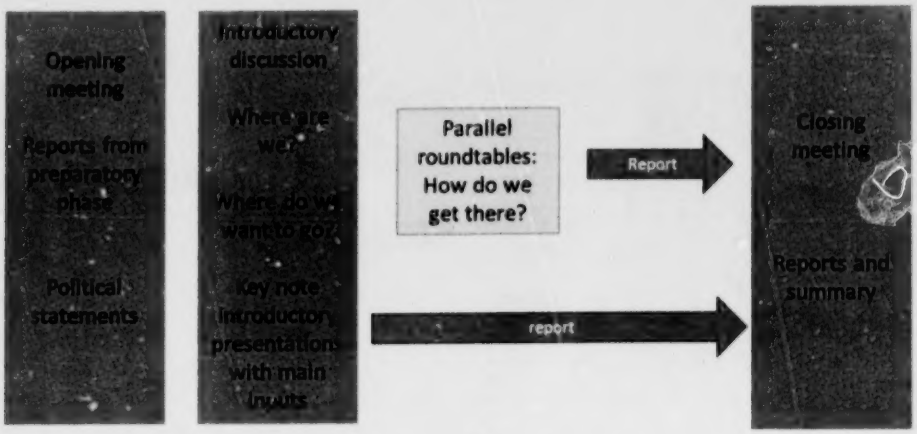
- The dialogue will be conducted in a manner that promotes enhanced ambition. The dialogue will consider, as one of its elements, the efforts of Parties on action and support, as appropriate, in the pre-2020 period;
- The dialogue will fulfil its mandate, in a comprehensive and non-restrictive manner;
- The dialogue will consist of a preparatory and a political phase;
- The Presidencies of COP 23 and COP 24 will jointly lead both phases of the dialogue and co-chair the political phase at COP 24;
- A dedicated space will be provided in the dialogue, both during the preparatory and the political phase to facilitate the understanding of the implications of the Special Report by the Intergovernmental Panel on Climate Change on Global Warming of 1.5°C;
- As regards inputs to the dialogue:
    - The Special Report by the IPCC on global warming of 1.5°C requested by the COP will inform the dialogue;
    - Parties, stakeholders and expert institutions are encouraged to prepare analytical and policy relevant inputs to inform the dialogue and submit these and other proposed inputs, including those from intergovernmental organisations and UNFCCC bodies, by 2 April 2018 for discussions in conjunction with the May session, and by 29 October 2018 for discussions in conjunction with COP 24;
    - The Presidencies of COP 23 and COP 24 will also provide inputs to inform the dialogue;
    - An online platform will facilitate access to all inputs to the dialogue, which will be overseen by the Presidencies of COP 23 and COP 24;
    - The secretariat will be requested to prepare relevant inputs and to develop and manage the online platform under the guidance of the Presidencies of COP 23 and COP 24;
- The preparatory phase will seek to build a strong evidence-based foundation for the political phase:
    - The preparatory phase will start after the dialogue is launched at COP 23, in January 2018, and will end at COP 24;
    - Parties and non-Party stakeholders are invited to cooperate in convening local, national, regional or global events in support of the dialogue and to prepare and make available relevant inputs;
    - The May discussions will be used to explore the three central topics informed by inputs by various actors and institutions, including from the Technical Examination Process and Global Climate Action, with the support of the high-level champions;
    - Summaries from all discussions will be prepared under the authority of the Presidencies of COP 23 and COP 24;
    - The information and insights gained during the preparatory phase will be synthesised by the Presidencies of COP 23 and COP 24 to provide a foundation for the political phase;

Figure 1 - Preparatory phase



- The political phase will bring high-level representatives of Parties together to take stock of the collective efforts of Parties in relation to progress towards the long-term goal referred to in Article 4, paragraph 1, of the Agreement and to inform the preparation of nationally determined contributions pursuant to Article 4, paragraph 8, of the Agreement:
    - The political phase will take place at COP 24 with the participation of Ministers;
    - This phase will build on the preparatory phase and focus on the objectives of the dialogue;
    - Political discussions will include roundtables to ensure focussed and interactive discussions among Ministers;
    - At the closing meeting of the dialogue, the Presidencies of COP 23 and COP 24 will provide a summary of key messages from the roundtables;

Figure 2 - Political phase



- It will be important to send clear forward looking signals to ensure that the outcome of the dialogue is greater confidence, courage and enhanced ambition;
- The outcome of the dialogue is expected to capture the political momentum, and help Parties to inform the preparation of nationally determined contributions;
- The outputs of the dialogue will include reports and summaries of the discussions.

14th plenary meeting
18 November 2017

Decision 2/CP.23

Local communities and indigenous peoples platform

The Conference of the Parties,

Recalling the United Nations Declaration on the Rights of Indigenous Peoples, decision 1/CP.21 and the Paris Agreement,

Acknowledging that Parties should, when taking action to address climate change, respect, promote and consider their respective obligations on the rights of indigenous peoples and local communities,

Emphasizing the role of local communities and indigenous peoples in achieving the targets and goals set out in the Convention, the Paris Agreement and the 2030 Agenda for Sustainable Development, and *recognizing* their vulnerability to climate change,

Reaffirming the need to strengthen the knowledge, technologies, practices and efforts of local communities and indigenous peoples related to addressing and responding to climate change, and the importance of the platform established for the exchange of experience and sharing of best practices related to mitigation and adaptation in a holistic and integrated manner,

1. *Notes with appreciation* the submissions from Parties,[1] indigenous peoples organizations and other relevant organizations[2] on the purpose, content and structure of the local communities and indigenous peoples platform (hereinafter referred to as the platform);

2. *Acknowledges* the fruitful exchange of views that took place during the open multi-stakeholder dialogue that was convened by the Chair of the Subsidiary Body for Scientific and Technological Advice and co-moderated with a representative of indigenous peoples organizations during the forty-sixth session of the Subsidiary Body for Scientific and Technological Advice, on 16 and 17 May 2017;[3]

3. *Notes with appreciation* the support provided by Belgium and New Zealand for the participation of representatives of indigenous peoples organizations in the multi-stakeholder dialogue referred to in paragraph 2 above;

4. *Welcomes* the report on the proposals on the operationalization of the platform based on the open multi-stakeholder dialogue referred to in paragraph 2 above and the submissions received;[4]

5. *Decides* that the overall purposes of the platform will be to strengthen the knowledge, technologies, practices and efforts of local communities and indigenous peoples related to addressing and responding to climate change, to facilitate the exchange of experience and the sharing of best practices and lessons learned related to mitigation and adaptation in a holistic and integrated manner and to enhance the engagement of local communities and indigenous peoples in the UNFCCC process;

6. *Also decides* that the platform will perform the following functions:

(a) Knowledge: the platform should promote the exchange of experience and best practices with a view to applying, strengthening, protecting and preserving traditional knowledge, knowledge of indigenous peoples and local knowledge systems, as well as

[1] Available at http://www4.unfccc.int/submissions/SitePages/sessions.aspx?showOnlyCurrentCalls=1&themes=Adaptation&expectedsubmissionfrom=Parties&focalBodies=SBSTA.

[2] Available at http://unfccc.int/documentation/submissions_from_non-party_stakeholders/items/7482.php.

[3] See http://unfccc.int/10151.

[4] FCCC/SBSTA/2017/6.

technologies, practices and efforts of local communities and indigenous peoples related to addressing and responding to climate change, taking into account the free, prior and informed consent of the holders of such knowledge, innovations and practices;

(b) Capacity for engagement: the platform should build the capacity of indigenous peoples and local communities to enable their engagement in the UNFCCC process and the capacity of Parties and other relevant stakeholders to engage with the platform and with local communities and indigenous peoples, including in the context of the implementation of the Paris Agreement and other climate change related processes;

(c) Climate change policies and actions: the platform should facilitate the integration of diverse knowledge systems, practices and innovations in designing and implementing international and national actions, programmes and policies in a manner that respects and promotes the rights and interests of local communities and indigenous peoples. The platform should also facilitate the undertaking of stronger and more ambitious climate action by indigenous peoples and local communities that could contribute to the achievement of the nationally determined contributions of the Parties concerned;

7. *Further decides* to continue to work towards the full operationalization of the platform;

8. *Recommends* that the processes under the platform, including its operationalization, take into account, inter alia, the interests and views of local communities and indigenous peoples, as well as the following principles proposed by indigenous peoples organizations: full and effective participation of indigenous peoples; equal status of indigenous peoples and Parties, including in leadership roles; self-selection of indigenous peoples representatives in accordance with indigenous peoples' own procedures; and adequate funding from the secretariat and voluntary contributions to enable the functions referred to in paragraph 6 above;

9. *Decides* that the first activity of the platform will be a multi-stakeholder workshop on implementing the functions referred to in paragraph 6 above, to be co-moderated by the Chair of the Subsidiary Body for Scientific and Technological Advice and a representative of local communities and indigenous peoples organizations, who will each make an equal contribution to the design of the workshop;

10. *Requests* the Subsidiary Body for Scientific and Technological Advice to consider at its forty-eighth session (April–May 2018) the further operationalization of the platform, including the establishment of a facilitative working group, which would not be a negotiating body under the Convention, and the modalities for the development of a workplan for the full implementation of the functions referred to in paragraph 6 above, with balanced representation of local communities and indigenous peoples and Parties, and to conclude its considerations by making recommendations to the Conference of the Parties at its twenty-fourth session (December 2018);

11. *Takes note* of the estimated budgetary implications of the activities to be undertaken by the secretariat referred to in paragraph 9 above;

12. *Requests* that the actions of the secretariat called for in this decision be undertaken subject to the availability of financial resources.

12th plenary meeting
17 November 2017

Decision 3/CP.23

Establishment of a gender action plan

The Conference of the Parties,

Recalling decisions 36/CP.7, 1/CP.16, 23/CP.18, 18/CP.20, 1/CP.21 and 21/CP.22, as well as the Paris Agreement,

Reaffirming the General Assembly resolution on the 2030 Agenda for Sustainable Development,

Noting that gender-responsive climate policy continues to require further strengthening in all activities concerning adaptation, mitigation and related means of implementation (finance, technology development and transfer, and capacity-building), as well as decision-making on the implementation of climate policies,[1]

Also noting that, notwithstanding the progress made by Parties in implementing the decisions referred to above, there is a need for women to be represented in all aspects of the Convention process and a need for gender mainstreaming through all relevant targets and goals in activities under the Convention as an important contribution to increasing their effectiveness,

Acknowledging with appreciation the important role of the extended Lima work programme on gender in integrating gender considerations into the work of Parties and the secretariat in implementing the Convention, and the role of the gender action plan (contained in the annex) in supporting the implementation of gender-related decisions and mandates under the UNFCCC process,

Recalling decision 21/CP.22, paragraph 27, which mandated the development of a gender action plan in order to support the implementation of gender-related decisions and mandates under the UNFCCC process, which may include priority areas, key activities and indicators, timelines for implementation, responsible and key actors and indicative resource requirements for each activity, and the further elaboration of its review and monitoring processes,

Also recalling that Parties should, when taking action to address climate change, respect, promote and consider their respective obligations on human rights as well as gender equality,

Taking into account the imperative of a just transition of the workforce when implementing the gender action plan,

1. *Adopts* the gender action plan, contained in the annex, under the Lima work programme on gender;

2. *Invites* Parties, members of constituted bodies, United Nations organizations, observers and other stakeholders to participate and engage in implementing the gender action plan with a view to advancing towards the goal of mainstreaming a gender perspective in all elements of climate action;

3. *Welcomes* the technical paper prepared by the secretariat on achieving the goal of gender balance;[2]

4. *Notes* the lack of progress made in delegations and constituted bodies towards the goal of gender balance;

5. *Requests* the secretariat to prepare, for consideration by the Subsidiary Body for Implementation at its session to be held in November 2019, a synthesis report on the

[1] Decision 21/CP.22.
[2] FCCC/TP/2017/8.

implementation of the gender action plan, identifying areas of progress, areas for improvement and further work to be undertaken in subsequent action plans, so as to elaborate recommendations for consideration by the Conference of the Parties at its twenty-fifth session (November 2019) in the context of the review referred to in paragraph 7 below;

6. *Decides* that the topics of the annual in-session workshops to be held in conjunction with the sessions of the subsidiary bodies taking place in the first sessional period of 2018 and 2019[3] will be based on the submission referred to in activity E.1 of priority area E of the gender action plan (see table 5) and on the short- and long-term impacts of the gender action plan, which may also be informed by the synthesis report referred to in paragraph 5 above, respectively;

7. *Also decides* to review, at its twenty-fifth session, the implementation of the gender action plan in the context of the review of the Lima work programme on gender[4] so as to consider the next steps, including an assessment of the impacts of the gender action plan;

8. *Invites* Parties and relevant organizations to participate and engage in the implementation of gender-related activities within the gender action plan, including enhancing the capacity of the gender focal point of the secretariat;

9. *Takes note* of the estimated budgetary implications of the activities to be undertaken by the secretariat referred to in paragraphs 1, 5 and 6 above;

10. *Requests* that the actions of the secretariat called for in this decision be undertaken subject to the availability of financial resources.

[3] Decision 21/CP.22, paragraphs 11 and 12.

[4] Decision 21/CP.22, paragraph 6.

Annex

Gender action plan

1. By decision 21/CP.22, paragraph 27, the Subsidiary Body for Implementation was requested to develop a gender action plan (GAP) in order to support the implementation of gender-related decisions and mandates in the UNFCCC process, which may include priority areas, key activities and indicators, timelines for implementation, responsible and key actors and indicative resource requirements for each activity, and to further elaborate its review and monitoring processes.

2. The GAP, created under the Lima work programme on gender, seeks to advance women's full, equal and meaningful participation and promote gender-responsive climate policy and the mainstreaming of a gender perspective in the implementation of the Convention and the work of Parties, the secretariat, United Nations entities and all stakeholders at all levels.

3. Gender-responsive climate policy requires further strengthening in all activities concerning adaptation, mitigation and related means of implementation (finance, technology development and transfer, and capacity-building) as well as decision-making on the implementation of climate policies. The GAP recognizes the need for women to be represented in all aspects of the UNFCCC process and the need for gender mainstreaming through all relevant targets and goals in activities under the Convention as an important contribution to increasing their effectiveness.

4. The GAP recognizes that gender-related action is being progressed across all areas of the Convention and with respect to the Paris Agreement. Many of the activities in the GAP have been the subject of action by a variety of relevant organizations and will continue to require further action beyond the time frame of the plan.

5. The activities in the GAP vary in terms of measurability, and Parties are at various stages in terms of progress on this agenda. Some actions may be afforded differing degrees of prioritization according to the nature and scale of the climate policies being implemented and the capacities of Parties. The GAP recognizes that climate action under the Convention is a Party-driven process.

Priority areas

6. Parties, the secretariat and relevant organizations are invited to undertake the activities contained in the GAP, as appropriate. The GAP sets out, in five priority areas, the activities that will drive the achievement of its objectives.

A. Capacity-building, knowledge-sharing and communication

7. The GAP seeks to enhance the understanding and expertise of stakeholders on the systematic integration of gender considerations and the application of such understanding and expertise in the thematic areas under the Convention and the Paris Agreement and in policies, programmes and projects on the ground.

B. Gender balance, participation and women's leadership

8. The GAP seeks to achieve and sustain the full, equal and meaningful participation of women in the UNFCCC process.

C. Coherence

9. The GAP seeks to strengthen the integration of gender considerations within the work of UNFCCC bodies, the secretariat and other United Nation entities and stakeholders towards the consistent implementation of gender-related mandates and activities.

D. Gender-responsive implementation and means of implementation

10. The GAP aims to ensure the respect, promotion and consideration of gender equality and the empowerment of women in the implementation of the Convention and the Paris Agreement.

E. Monitoring and reporting

11. The GAP seeks to improve tracking in relation to the implementation of and reporting on gender-related mandates under the UNFCCC.

Table 1
Priority area A: capacity-building, knowledge-sharing and communication

Activity	*Responsible actors*	*Timeline*	*Deliverables*
A.1 Through the use of such mechanisms as workshops, technical assistance, etc., enhance the capacity of Parties and stakeholders to develop gender-responsive policies, plans and programmes on adaptation, mitigation, capacity-building, technology and finance	Parties, United Nations entities and relevant organizations	2018	Gender-responsive climate policies, plans and programmes
A.2 Make a submission on the systematic integration of gender-sensitive and participatory education, training, public awareness, public participation and public access to information from national to local level into all mitigation and adaptation activities implemented under the Convention and the Paris Agreement, including into the implementation of nationally determined contributions and the formulation of long-term low greenhouse gas emission development strategies, and invite Parties to hold a dialogue under the Action for Climate Empowerment agenda item of the Subsidiary Body for Implementation on how Parties and observer organizations have promoted the systematic integration of gender considerations into the above-mentioned issues	Parties and observer organizations, secretariat gender focal point, and the Paris Committee on Capacity-building	2018	Submissions and dialogue

Table 2
Priority area B: gender balance, participation and women's leadership

Activity	*Responsible actors*	*Timeline*	*Deliverables*
B.1 Promote travel funds as a means to support the participation of women in national delegations at UNFCCC sessions, including those from grass-roots, local and indigenous peoples communities from developing countries, the least developed countries and small island developing States	Parties, secretariat and observer organizations	2018–2019	Promotion of funds
B.2 Include in regular notifications to Parties at the time of nominations to UNFCCC bodies the latest report on the gender composition of the relevant body	Secretariat	2018–2019	Updated information on gender balance at the time of nominations to bodies
B.3 Organize and conduct capacity-building training on leadership, negotiation, facilitation and chairing in the context of the UNFCCC process in conjunction with United Nations system-wide efforts for women	Parties, United Nations entities and relevant organizations		Provision of training
B.4 Cooperate in, promote, facilitate, develop and implement formal and non-formal education and training programmes focused on climate change at all levels, targeting women and youth in	Parties, United Nations entities and relevant organizations		Training programmes

Activity	*Responsible actors*	*Timeline*	*Deliverables*
particular at the national, regional and local levels, including the exchange or secondment of personnel to train experts			

Table 3
Priority area C: coherence

Activity	*Responsible actors*	*Timeline*	*Deliverables*
C.1 At SBI 48 hold a dialogue, open to Parties and observers, with the chairs of UNFCCC constituted bodies to discuss the outcomes of the technical paper on entry points requested in decision 21/CP.22, paragraph 13, and any potential recommendations	Secretariat	SBI 48	Dialogue
C.2 Provide capacity-building to chairs and members of UNFCCC constituted bodies and technical teams of the secretariat on how to integrate gender considerations into their respective areas of work and on meeting the goal of gender balance	Secretariat gender team, United Nations entities, other stakeholders and relevant organizations		Chairs and members of UNFCCC constituted bodies supporting the integration of gender into their work Provision of capacity-building
C.3 Share information on efforts made to support the implementation of activities to enhance synergies with other United Nations entities and processes, paying particular attention to the 2030 Agenda for Sustainable Development	United Nations entities and other relevant organizations	During sessions of the COP	Promotion of efforts

Abbreviations: COP = Conference of the Parties, SBI = Subsidiary Body for Implementation.

Table 4
Priority area D: gender-responsive implementation and means of implementation

Activity	*Responsible actors*	*Timeline*	*Deliverables*
D.1 Invite the Standing Committee on Finance to host a dialogue on the implementation of its commitment to integrate gender considerations into its work, emphasizing the relevance of gender-responsive access to finance in the implementation of climate action	Standing Committee on Finance	2019	Dialogue
D.2 In cooperation with the UNEP DTU Partnership[a] and the Climate Technology Centre and Network, invite interested stakeholders to share information on the incorporation of gender into technology needs assessments during Gender Day	Parties, UNEP DTU Partnership, Climate Technology Centre and Network, other relevant stakeholders and secretariat	2018–2019	Submissions
D.3 Strengthen the capacity of gender mechanisms, including for parliamentarians, the International Parliamentary Union, commissions, funding ministries, non-governmental organizations and civil society organizations, for the integration of gender-responsive budgeting into climate finance, access and delivery through training, expert workshops, technical papers and tools	Parties, United Nations entities, the Financial Mechanism and other stakeholders	2018	Capacity-building

[a] The partnership, formerly known as the United Nations Environment Programme (UNEP) Risoe Centre, operates under a tripartite agreement between Denmark's Ministry of Foreign Affairs, the Technical University of Denmark (DTU) and UNEP.

Table 5
Priority area E: monitoring and reporting

Activity	*Responsible actors*	*Timeline*	*Deliverables*
E.1 Make a submission on the following, including sex-disaggregated data and gender analysis, where applicable: (a) Information on the differentiated impacts of climate change on women and men, with special attention paid to local communities and indigenous peoples; (b) Integration of gender considerations into adaptation, mitigation, capacity-building, Action for Climate Empowerment, technology and finance policies, plans and actions; (c) Policies and plans for and progress made in enhancing gender balance in national climate delegations	Parties and observer organizations	2018	Submission
E.2 Prepare a synthesis report on the submissions received under activity E.1	Secretariat	2019	Synthesis report
E.3 Update the report on how the Climate Technology Centre and Network, in executing its modalities and procedures, working in conjunction with the Technology Executive Committee (to ensure coherence and synergy within the Technology Mechanism), has contributed to the aim of accelerating the development and transfer of technology, taking into account gender considerations	Climate Technology Centre and Network and Technology Executive Committee		Report, with recommendations
E.4 Encourage knowledge exchange activities among the secretariat staff across all thematic areas to update on work related to gender	Secretariat, in cooperation with United Nations entities, including the United Nations Entity for Gender Equality and the Empowerment of Women		Report on the knowledge exchange Account of exchange activities

12th plenary meeting
17 November 2017

Decision 4/CP.23

Koronivia joint work on agriculture

The Conference of the Parties,

Recalling decision 2/CP.17, particularly paragraphs 75–77,

Having considered the reports to the Subsidiary Body for Scientific and Technological Advice on the five in-session workshops on issues related to agriculture,[1]

1. *Requests* the Subsidiary Body for Scientific and Technological Advice and the Subsidiary Body for Implementation to jointly address issues related to agriculture, including through workshops and expert meetings, working with constituted bodies under the Convention and taking into consideration the vulnerabilities of agriculture to climate change and approaches to addressing food security;

2. *Invites* Parties and observers to submit,[2] by 31 March 2018, their views on elements to be included in the work referred to in paragraph 1 above for consideration at the forty-eighth sessions of the subsidiary bodies (April–May 2018), starting with but not limited to the following:

(a) Modalities for implementation of the outcomes of the five in-session workshops on issues related to agriculture and other future topics that may arise from this work;

(b) Methods and approaches for assessing adaptation, adaptation co-benefits and resilience;

(c) Improved soil carbon, soil health and soil fertility under grassland and cropland as well as integrated systems, including water management;

(d) Improved nutrient use and manure management towards sustainable and resilient agricultural systems;

(e) Improved livestock management systems;

(f) Socioeconomic and food security dimensions of climate change in the agricultural sector;

3. *Requests* that any actions of the secretariat resulting from the provisions in paragraph 1 above be undertaken subject to the availability of financial resources;

4. *Also requests* the subsidiary bodies to report to the Conference of the Parties on the progress and outcomes of the work referred to in paragraph 1 above at its twenty-sixth session (November 2020).

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[1] FCCC/SBSTA/2014/INF.2, FCCC/SBSTA/2015/INF.6, FCCC/SBSTA/2015/INF.7, FCCC/SBSTA/2016/INF.5 and FCCC/SBSTA/2016/INF.6.

[2] Views should be submitted via the submission portal at http://www4.unfccc.int/sites/submissionportal/Pages/Home.aspx.

Decision 5/CP.23

Warsaw International Mechanism for Loss and Damage associated with Climate Change Impacts

The Conference of the Parties,

Recalling decisions 3/CP.18, 2/CP.19, 2/CP.20, 1/CP.21, 2/CP.21, 3/CP.22 and 4/CP.22 and the Paris Agreement, particularly Article 8,

Noting the concerns raised by Parties on the increasing frequency and severity of climate-related disasters that have affected many countries, including heatwaves, drought, floods, tropical cyclones, dust storms and other extreme weather events, as well as the increasing impacts associated with slow onset events, and the urgent need to avert, minimize and address these impacts through comprehensive risk management approaches, inter alia, through early warning systems, measures to enhance recovery and rehabilitation and build back and forward better, social protection instruments, including social safety nets, and transformational approaches,

1. *Welcomes* the report of the Executive Committee of the Warsaw International Mechanism for Loss and Damage associated with Climate Change Impacts;[1]

2. *Also welcomes* the progress made by the Executive Committee in implementing its initial two-year workplan and operationalizing the Fiji Clearing House for Risk Transfer and the task force on displacement pursuant to decision 1/CP.21, paragraphs 48 and 49;

3. *Expresses its appreciation* to Parties, bodies and organizations for supporting the work of the Executive Committee, including through partnerships and collaboration, and *encourages* them to enhance their efforts in this regard;

4. *Notes* the flexible five-year rolling workplan of the Executive Committee, which enables the timely consideration of cross-cutting issues and current, urgent and emerging needs;

5. *Also notes* that the Executive Committee will evaluate progress made towards implementing its five-year rolling workplan in 2020 and at regular intervals at subsequent meetings of the Executive Committee;

6. *Requests* the Executive Committee to include in its annual reports, as appropriate, more detailed information on the work undertaken by its expert groups, subcommittees, panels, thematic advisory groups and task-focused ad hoc working groups on, to the extent possible, issues of relevance to the regional and national context as identified by Parties in their submissions;[2]

7. *Welcomes* the plan of the task force on displacement referred to in paragraph 2 above to convene a meeting in May 2018 on all areas of its work, which will include wide consultations with stakeholders to ensure regional coverage;

8. *Invites* the task force on displacement referred to in paragraph 2 above to take into consideration both cross-border and internal displacement, in accordance with its mandate, when developing recommendations for integrated approaches to averting, minimizing and addressing displacement related to the adverse impacts of climate change;[3]

9. *Requests* the secretariat, under the guidance of the Executive Committee and the Chair of the Subsidiary Body for Implementation, to organize, in conjunction with the

[1] FCCC/SB/2017/1 and Add.1.

[2] In response to the invitation of the Conference of the Parties in decision 3/CP.22, paragraph 5. The submissions are available at http://unfccc.int/10064.

[3] Decision 1/CP.21, paragraph 49.

forty-eighth sessions of the subsidiary bodies (April–May 2018), an expert dialogue[4] to explore a wide range of information, inputs and views on ways for facilitating the mobilization and securing of expertise, and enhancement of support, including finance, technology and capacity-building, for averting, minimizing and addressing loss and damage associated with the adverse effects of climate change, including extreme weather events and slow onset events, with a view to informing the preparation of the technical paper referred to in paragraph 2(f) of decision 4/CP.22;

10. *Invites* Parties, observers and other stakeholders to submit,[5] by 15 February 2018, their views in the context of activity 1(a) of strategic workstream (e) of the five-year rolling workplan of the Executive Committee;

11. *Requests* the secretariat to prepare a report on the expert dialogue referred to in paragraph 9 above for consideration by the Executive Committee at its second meeting in 2018;

12. *Invites* Parties, relevant organizations and other stakeholders to submit,[6] by 1 February 2019, their views and inputs on possible elements to be included in the terms of reference for the review of the Warsaw International Mechanism referred to in decision 4/CP.22, paragraph 2(d), taking into account the outcomes of the implementation of the work of the Executive Committee, for consideration by the subsidiary bodies at their sessions to be held in June 2019;

13. *Encourages* Parties to actively engage in the work and to disseminate, promote and make use of the products of the Warsaw International Mechanism and its Executive Committee, including by:

(a) Establishing a loss and damage contact point through their respective UNFCCC national focal point referred to in decision 4/CP.22, paragraph 4(d);

(b) Participating in the meetings of the Executive Committee as observers, recognizing the constraints of time and resources;

(c) Incorporating or continuing to incorporate the consideration of extreme weather events and slow onset events, non-economic losses, climate change impacts on human mobility, including migration, displacement and planned relocation, and comprehensive risk management into relevant policy, planning and action, as appropriate, and encouraging relevant bilateral and multilateral entities to support such efforts;

14. *Reiterates* its invitation to constituted bodies under the Convention, as appropriate, to continue to integrate into their work efforts to avert, minimize and address loss and damage associated with the adverse effects of climate change in developing countries that are particularly vulnerable to the adverse effects of climate change, vulnerable populations and the ecosystems that they depend on;

15. *Invites* United Nations and other relevant institutions, specialized agencies and other entities, the research community, civil society and the private sector, as appropriate, to strengthen cooperation and collaboration, including through partnerships, with the Executive Committee on topics related to averting, minimizing and addressing loss and damage associated with the adverse effects of climate change, including extreme weather events and slow onset events;

16. *Also invites* relevant research institutions and organizations to share, as appropriate, their data and key findings on slow onset events with the Executive Committee, including at events organized by the Executive Committee, with a view to enhancing knowledge and understanding of slow onset events;

17. *Reaffirms* that the Executive Committee may enhance its effectiveness by prioritizing activities in thematic areas for further work;

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[4] To be known as the Suva expert dialogue.

[5] Views should be submitted via the submission portal at http://www4.unfccc.int/sites/submissionportal/Pages/Home.aspx.

[6] As footnote 5 above.

18. *Encourages* the Executive Committee to seek further ways to enhance its responsiveness, effectiveness and performance by improving the planning and organization of its work, including in the context of the operations of its expert groups, subcommittees, panels, thematic advisory groups and task-focused ad hoc working groups, such as appropriate balanced representation, expertise of membership in accordance with the tasks, and the duration of the mandates of those expert groups, subcommittees, panels, thematic advisory groups and task-focused ad hoc working groups;

19. *Requests* the Executive Committee, in accordance with its mandate[7] and the report referred to in paragraph 1 above:

(a) To consider, when updating its five-year rolling workplan, cross-cutting issues and current, urgent and emerging needs related to extreme weather events and slow onset events, including but not limited to drought and floods, in developing countries that are particularly vulnerable to the adverse effects of climate change, vulnerable populations and the ecosystems that they depend on;

(b) To enhance its efforts in ensuring that information generated from its work is converted into user-friendly products, such as tools and methods, and material for training modules, with a view to enhancing the coherence and effectiveness of relevant efforts undertaken at the regional and national level, as appropriate;

(c) To consider, through collaboration and partnerships, the development and the dissemination at all levels of user-friendly information and communication products on averting, minimizing and addressing loss and damage issues of relevance to the regional and national context;

20. *Encourages* the Executive Committee to collaborate with other bodies under the Convention and the Paris Agreement within the scope of their respective mandates and to continue considering ways of facilitating the mobilization and securing of expertise, and the enhancement of support, including finance, technology and capacity-building, including its work on enhancing action and support, and when considering the composition and mandates of its expert groups and those it may establish;

21. *Reiterates* its encouragement to Parties to make available sufficient resources for the successful and timely implementation of the work of the Executive Committee and its expert groups, subcommittees, panels, thematic advisory groups and task-focused ad hoc working groups;

22. *Invites* relevant organizations, as appropriate, to further mobilize resources, including expertise and tools, through a wide variety of instruments, channels and partnerships, for actions related to averting, minimizing and addressing loss and damage associated with climate change impacts;

23. *Takes note* of the estimated budgetary implications of the activities to be undertaken by the secretariat referred to in paragraphs 4–20 above;

24. *Requests* that the actions of the secretariat called for in this decision be undertaken subject to the availability of financial resources.

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17 November 2017

[7] Decision 2/CP.19, paragraphs 2 and 5.

Decision 6/CP.23

Long-term climate finance

The Conference of the Parties,

Recalling Articles 4 and 11 of the Convention,

Also recalling decisions 1/CP.16, paragraphs 2, 4 and 97–101, 1/CP.17, 2/CP.17, paragraphs 126–132, 4/CP.18, 3/CP.19, 5/CP.20, 1/CP.21, 5/CP.21 and 7/CP.22,

1. *Welcomes with appreciation* the continued progress of developed country Parties towards reaching the goal of jointly mobilizing USD 100 billion annually by 2020, in the context of meaningful mitigation actions and transparency on implementation, in accordance with decision 1/CP.16;

2. *Recalls* the commitment of developed country Parties, in the context of meaningful mitigation actions and transparency on implementation, to a goal of mobilizing jointly USD 100 billion per year by 2020 to address the needs of developing countries, in accordance with decision 1/CP.16, and *urges* developed country Parties to continue to scale up mobilized climate finance towards this goal;

3. *Urges* developed country Parties to continue their efforts to channel a substantial share of public climate funds to adaptation activities and to strive to achieve a greater balance between finance for mitigation and finance for adaptation, recognizing the importance of adaptation finance and the need for public and grant-based resources for adaptation;

4. *Welcomes* the biennial submissions received to date from developed country Parties on updated strategies and approaches for scaling up climate finance from 2016 to 2020 in accordance with decision 3/CP.19, paragraph 10, and *urges* those developed country Parties that have not yet done so to submit this information;

5. *Takes note* of the compilation and synthesis of the biennial submissions referred to in paragraph 4 above;[1]

6. *Welcomes* the progress of Parties in their efforts to strengthen their domestic enabling environments in order to attract climate finance, and *requests* Parties to continue to enhance their enabling environments and policy frameworks to facilitate the mobilization and effective deployment of climate finance, in accordance with decision 3/CP.19;

7. *Also requests* developed country Parties to prepare their next round of updated biennial submissions on strategies and approaches for scaling up climate finance for the period 2018–2020 in line with decisions 3/CP.19, paragraph 10, and 5/CP.20, paragraph 10, with a view to updating information available on a pathway towards the goal of jointly mobilizing USD 100 billion per year by 2020;

8. *Further requests* the secretariat to prepare a compilation and synthesis of the biennial submissions referred to in paragraph 7 above in accordance with decisions 3/CP.19 and 7/CP.22, paragraph 15;

9. *Welcomes with appreciation* the submission of first and second biennial update reports by developing country Parties to date, and *encourages* developing country Parties that have not already done so to submit their biennial update reports as soon as possible, recalling decision 2/CP.17, paragraph 41(a), which states that, consistent with their capabilities and the level of support provided for reporting, they should submit their first biennial update reports by December 2014, noting that the least developed country Parties and small island developing States may submit biennial update reports at their discretion;

[1] FCCC/CP/2017/INF.1.

10. *Requests* the secretariat, in collaboration with the operating entities of the Financial Mechanism, United Nations agencies and bilateral, regional and other multilateral channels, to explore ways and means to assist developing country Parties in assessing their needs and priorities, in a country-driven manner, including technological and capacity-building needs, and in translating climate finance needs into action;

11. *Takes note with appreciation* of the note by the President of the twenty-second session of the Conference of the Parties on the second biennial high-level ministerial dialogue on climate finance,[2] and particularly the key messages contained therein;[3]

12. *Also takes note with appreciation* of the summary report on the 2017 in-session workshop on long-term climate finance,[4] and the key findings and messages contained therein, including the summaries of the various segments, and the key areas of action from this workshop, and *invites* Parties and relevant institutions to consider the key messages;[5]

13. *Recalls* that, in accordance with decision 7/CP.22, the next in-session workshop on long-term climate finance, to be held in 2018, will, with a view to scaling up climate finance for mitigation and adaptation, focus on experiences and lessons learned from articulating and translating needs identified in country-driven processes into projects and programmes, roles of policies and enabling environments for mitigation and adaptation finance, and facilitating enhanced access;

14. *Notes* that the 2018 in-session workshop should further build on the key findings and messages from the 2017 in-session workshop on long-term climate finance and the summary report thereon;

15. *Requests* the secretariat to organize the in-session workshop referred to in paragraph 13 above and to prepare a summary report on the workshop for consideration by the Conference of the Parties at its twenty-fourth session (December 2018);

16. *Recalls* that, in line with decision 7/CP.22, paragraph 17, the third high-level ministerial dialogue on climate finance, to be convened in accordance with decision 3/CP.19, will be informed by the reports on the in-session workshops on long-term climate finance and the 2018 biennial assessment and overview of climate finance flows;

17. *Invites* the Presidency of the Conference of the Parties, in organizing the high-level ministerial dialogue referred to in paragraph 16 above, to consider a focus on the topic of access to climate finance.

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[2] FCCC/CP/2017/8.
[3] FCCC/CP/2017/8, paragraphs 6–11.
[4] FCCC/CP/2017/4.
[5] FCCC/CP/2017/4, paragraph 24.

Decision 7/CP.23

Report of the Standing Committee on Finance

The Conference of the Parties,

Recalling Articles 4 and 11 of the Convention,

Also recalling decision 1/CP.16, paragraph 112, and decision 2/CP.17, paragraphs 120 and 121, as well as decisions 5/CP.18, 7/CP.19, 6/CP.20, 6/CP.21 and 8/CP.22,

1. *Welcomes with appreciation* the report of the Standing Committee on Finance to the Conference of the Parties at its twenty-third session,[1] taking note of the recommendations contained therein;

2. *Endorses* the updated workplan of the Standing Committee on Finance for 2018;[2]

3. *Expresses its appreciation* to the Governments of Finland and Norway and the European Commission for the financial contributions to support the work of the Standing Committee on Finance;

4. *Welcomes* the 2017 forum of the Standing Committee on Finance on the topic of mobilizing finance for climate-resilient infrastructure, *takes note* of the summary report on the 2017 forum, including the recommendations and follow-up activities of the Standing Committee on Finance,[3] *invites* the Standing Committee on Finance to follow up on the recommendations in its 2018 workplan, and *invites* Parties and relevant organizations to incorporate the recommendations into their work as appropriate;

5. *Expresses its gratitude* to the Governments of Morocco and the Netherlands, the Union for the Mediterranean and the European Bank for Reconstruction and Development for their support in ensuring the success of the 2017 forum;

6. *Notes* the outcome of discussions on the 2018 biennial assessment and overview of climate finance flows, including the outline of the technical report and the summary and recommendations on the 2018 biennial assessment and overview of climate finance flows, as well as an indicative timeline;[4]

7. *Also notes* that the Standing Committee on Finance extended the two-year workplan on the measurement, reporting and verification of support beyond the biennial assessment, and *requests* the Standing Committee on Finance to enhance its work on the measurement, reporting and verification of support beyond the biennial assessment, acknowledging the progress made by the Standing Committee on Finance and noting the need to avoid duplication of ongoing work under the Subsidiary Body for Scientific and Technological Advice and the Ad Hoc Working Group on the Paris Agreement;

8. *Requests* the Standing Committee on Finance, in fulfilling its function with regard to the measurement, reporting and verification of support, and in the context of its extended workplan, to continue its cooperation with relevant stakeholders and experts;

9. *Invites* the Standing Committee on Finance to conclude its deliberations on the topic of its next forum at the latest at its first meeting in 2018;

10. *Welcomes* the offer of the Republic of Korea to host a 2018 forum of the Standing Committee on Finance;

11. *Also welcomes* the appointment of focal points of the Standing Committee on Finance to liaise with the other constituted bodies under the Convention, and *requests* the

[1] FCCC/CP/2017/9.
[2] FCCC/CP/2017/9, annex VIII.
[3] FCCC/CP/2017/9, annex V.
[4] FCCC/CP/2017/9, annex VI.

Standing Committee on Finance to continue to provide information on the appointment in its annual reports to the Conference of the Parties;

12. *Reiterates* that the Standing Committee on Finance will integrate financing for forest-related considerations into its 2018 workplan, where appropriate, and continue work on this matter in the context of the overall issue of improving coherence and coordination in the delivery of climate change financing, taking into account all relevant decisions on forests;[5]

13. *Requests* the Standing Committee on Finance to report to the Conference of the Parties at its twenty-fourth session (December 2018) on the progress made in the implementation of its workplan;

14. *Also requests* the Standing Committee on Finance to consider the guidance provided to it in other relevant decisions of the Conference of the Parties.

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[5] FCCC/CP/2017/9, annex VIII, page 69.

Decision 8/CP.23

Review of the functions of the Standing Committee on Finance

The Conference of the Parties,

Recalling decisions 1/CP.16, paragraph 112, and 9/CP.22,

1. *Welcomes with appreciation* the input to the review of the functions of the Standing Committee on Finance, including information provided by Parties, the Standing Committee on Finance, constituted bodies under the Convention and external stakeholders involved in the activities of the Standing Committee on Finance;

2. *Takes note with appreciation* of the updated and expanded overview of the mandates provided by the Conference of the Parties to the Standing Committee on Finance,[1] and the progress made to date by the Standing Committee on Finance in fulfilling these mandates, as well as the self-assessment report of the Standing Committee on Finance and the recommendations contained therein;[2]

3. *Encourages* Parties and the Standing Committee on Finance to consider the recommendations referred to in paragraph 2 above;

4. *Takes note* of the technical paper on the review of the functions of the Standing Committee on Finance;[3]

5. *Acknowledges* the contributions and positive performance of the Standing Committee on Finance in assisting, informing and advancing the work of the Conference of the Parties in exercising its function in relation to the Financial Mechanism;

6. *Requests* the Standing Committee on Finance to continue to provide and enhance the dissemination and utilization of specific and targeted outputs and recommendations in order to effectively advance the work of the Conference of the Parties;

7. *Invites* Parties and relevant stakeholders to utilize the outputs of the Standing Committee on Finance;

8. *Encourages* the Standing Committee on Finance to prioritize specific areas of work in the light of its workload in a given year, and *emphasizes* the need to continue to enhance all the functions of the Standing Committee on Finance, including to take into consideration its mandate to serve the Paris Agreement in line with decision 1/CP.21, paragraph 63;

9. *Also encourages* Parties and other constituted bodies under the Convention to continue to provide submissions for the preparation of draft decisions on guidance to the operating entities of the Financial Mechanism, based on the reports of the operating entities, in a timely manner to the Standing Committee on Finance;

10. *Recognizes* the need to avoid duplication of climate finance related work across the different subsidiary and constituted bodies, while respecting the mandates and competencies of the different bodies;

11. *Requests* the Standing Committee on Finance to further refine its approach to maintaining linkages with the subsidiary and constituted bodies according to resources available and in the context of its existing working modalities;

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[1] See http://www4.unfccc.int/Submissions/Lists/OSPSubmissionUpload/39_304_131359396103493098-SCF%20submission%20SBI%2046.pdf.

[2] FCCC/CP/2017/9, annex VII.

[3] FCCC/TP/2017/4.

12. *Also requests* the Standing Committee on Finance to ensure the value added of its forum when deciding on the topic of each forum, to provide clear recommendations to the Conference of the Parties, as appropriate, regarding follow-up actions on the forum, and to enhance the dissemination, use and ownership of the accumulated knowledge and expertise gathered at the forum, and *invites* other bodies and external organizations to take into consideration the outputs of the forum;

13. *Acknowledges* the transparency of the proceedings and decision-making processes of the Standing Committee on Finance, including through the webcasting of its meetings and the timely publication of its reports to the Conference of the Parties;

14. *Requests* the Standing Committee on Finance to further strengthen its stakeholder engagement;

15. *Decides* to continue its deliberations on ways to enhance the participation of members of the Standing Committee on Finance, acknowledging the need to ensure the full participation and contribution of all constituencies in the meetings of the Standing Committee on Finance and the continuity of the work of the Standing Committee on Finance;

16. *Requests* the Standing Committee on Finance to provide options for the enhancement of the participation of members and to report back to the Conference of the Parties at its twenty-fourth session (December 2018);

17. *Recognizes* that there is a need for the Standing Committee on Finance to improve some of its in-session and intersessional working modalities with the aim of further enhancing its efficiency and effectiveness, ensuring the inclusiveness and transparency of its proceedings;

18. *Also recognizes* the need to consider the existing workplan of the Standing Committee on Finance, and in particular its workload, when providing strategic guidance to the Standing Committee on Finance;

19. *Decides* to agree on the timeline for the second review of the functions of the Standing Committee on Finance at its twenty-fifth session (November 2019) at the latest.

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Decision 9/CP.23

Report of the Green Climate Fund to the Conference of the Parties and guidance to the Green Climate Fund

The Conference of the Parties,

1. *Welcomes* the report of the Green Climate Fund to the Conference of the Parties,[1] including the list of actions taken by the Board of the Green Climate Fund (hereinafter referred to as the Board) in response to the guidance received from the Conference of the Parties;

2. *Notes with appreciation* the significant scaling-up of the operations of the Green Climate Fund in 2017, including:

(a) The expansion of its portfolio to include: (1) USD 41.8 million to support 130 requests in 92 countries through the Readiness and Preparatory Support Programme, two thirds of which are in the least developed countries, small island developing States and African States; and (2) USD 2.65 billion to support 54 projects and programmes in 73 countries;

(b) Improvements to the initial project approval process, including ongoing mandates to address policy matters related to the approval of projects;

(c) An increase in the number of accredited entities, particularly direct access entities;

(d) The availability of additional financial resources for the Readiness and Preparatory Support Programme, including for the formulation of national adaptation plans and/or other national adaptation planning processes;

(e) The decision of the Board to initiate an independent review of the Readiness and Preparatory Support Programme;[2]

(f) The decision to allocate USD 500 million for a results-based payments pilot programme for activities referred to in decision 1/CP.16, paragraph 70;[3]

(g) The decision of the Board to develop the terms of reference for a climate technology incubator and accelerator-focused request for proposals, and the request of the Board for continued collaboration with the Technology Executive Committee and the Climate Technology Centre and Network;[4]

(h) The issuance of a request for proposals to the private sector for mobilizing funds at scale;

(i) The framework on complementarity and coherence and the organization of the first annual dialogue with climate finance delivery channels;

(j) The approval of the Board's workplan for 2018;

3. *Encourages* the Board to ensure that the post-approval process facilitates the timely disbursement of approved funding;

4. *Notes* that accreditation is pending for a significant number of entities;

5. *Welcomes* the Board's decision to trigger the review of the accreditation framework and its fit-for-purpose approach,[5] and *urges* the Board to swiftly adopt and implement the

[1] FCCC/CP/2017/5 and Add.1.
[2] Green Climate Fund Board decision B.15/04.
[3] Green Climate Fund Board decision B.18/07.
[4] Green Climate Fund Board decision B.18/03.
[5] Green Climate Fund Board decision B.18/04.

revised framework with a view to simplifying and facilitating access to the Green Climate Fund, including for direct access entities and private sector actors;

6. *Notes with concern* the challenges in accessing financial resources for climate action in developing country Parties, especially in relation to funding for adaptation;

7. *Requests* the Board to ensure that all developing country Parties have access to all the financial instruments available through the Green Climate Fund, in line with the eligibility criteria referred to in the governing instrument and relevant decisions of the Conference of the Parties and to ensure application of the agreed policies of the Green Climate Fund;

8. *Confirms* that the Green Climate Fund will finance agreed full and agreed incremental costs to enable and support enhanced action by developing countries to tackle climate change in line with the relevant provisions in the governing instrument of the Green Climate Fund;

9. *Welcomes* the launch of the Simplified Approval Process Pilot Scheme and *urges* its implementation in line with Green Climate Fund Board decision B.18/06;

10. *Encourages* the Board to continue improving the process to review and approve readiness and preparatory support requests, including requests for support to prepare national adaptation plans and voluntary adaptation planning processes, including timely disbursement for approved programmes;

11. *Invites* the Board to consider ways to improve the availability of information on accessing funding from the Green Climate Fund, as appropriate;

12. *Takes note* of the biennial report on the status of privileges and immunities[6] and *expresses concern* with the low level of bilateral arrangements concluded between the Green Climate Fund and Parties;

13. *Encourages* Parties to enter into agreements to grant the privileges and immunities needed for the effective and efficient operationalization of the Green Climate Fund in accordance with national legislation and circumstances and Board decision B.10/12, as appropriate;

14. *Also encourages* the Board to intensify its efforts to ensure that the Green Climate Fund will enjoy such privileges and immunities as are necessary for the fulfilment of its purposes;

15. *Decides* to continue its consideration of the Board's request as reflected in Green Climate Fund Board decision B.08/24 and the procedure agreed in decision 7/CP.20;

16. *Urges* the Board to ensure the continuation of trustee services and to conclude its deliberations on the selection of a trustee, including the terms of reference for the trustee, in accordance with previous decisions of the Conference of the Parties and the Board;

17. *Encourages* the Board to launch the first replenishment process of the Green Climate Fund in accordance with previous decisions of the Conference of the Parties and the Board;

18. *Also encourages* the Board to include in its annual report to the Conference of the Parties information on projects approved by the Board that support the innovation and/or scaling-up of climate technologies with a view to informing the Technology Mechanism as it undertakes further work on climate technology innovation;

19. *Invites* Parties to submit their views and recommendations on elements to be taken into account in developing guidance for the Board of the Green Climate Fund[7] no later than

[6] Annex III to the report of the Green Climate Fund contained in the annex to document FCCC/CP/2017/5.

[7] Views should be submitted via the submission portal at http://www4.unfccc.int/sites/submissionportal/Pages/Home.aspx.

10 weeks prior to the twenty-fourth session of the Conference of the Parties (December 2018);

20. *Requests* the Standing Committee on Finance to take into consideration the submissions referred to in paragraph 19 above when providing its draft guidance for the Board of the Green Climate Fund for consideration by the Conference of the Parties;

21. *Also requests* the Green Climate Fund to include in its annual report to the Conference of the Parties information on the steps that it has taken to implement the guidance provided in this decision.

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Decision 10/CP.23

Report of the Global Environment Facility to the Conference of the Parties and guidance to the Global Environment Facility

The Conference of the Parties,

Recalling decision 11/CP.22,

Noting the importance of providing timely responses to the requests of developing country Parties,

1. *Notes* the report of the Global Environment Facility to the Conference of the Parties[1] and the responses of the Global Environment Facility to the guidance from the Conference of the Parties;

2. *Welcomes* the decision of the Global Environment Facility Council to begin the process of updating its minimum agency standards and fiduciary policies;[2]

3. *Also welcomes* the Global Environment Facility Council's approval of the Global Environment Facility's policy on ethics and conflict of interest;[3]

4. *Reiterates* its call in decision 11/CP.22, paragraph 2, to ensure a robust seventh replenishment in order to assist in providing adequate and predictable funding, taking into consideration the Paris Agreement as well as the request of the Conference of the Parties to the Global Environment Facility contained in decision 11/CP.22, paragraph 3;

5. *Requests* the Global Environment Facility to enhance the consultation process with developing country Parties and other stakeholders in the context of the Global Environment Facility replenishment process;

6. *Noting* the importance of the existing allocation for climate change, *requests* the Global Environment Facility to further consider the needs and priorities of developing countries in the allocation for the climate change focal area in its seventh replenishment period;

7. *Requests* the Global Environment Facility to continue implementing in its seventh replenishment period its established policies for grants and concessional funding, in support of developing country Parties, in line with the provisions of the Convention, relevant decisions of the Conference of the Parties and the Instrument for the Establishment of the Restructured Global Environment Facility;

8. *Welcomes* the operationalization of the Capacity-building Initiative for Transparency and projects approved during the reporting period, and *requests* the Global Environment Facility to provide adequate support to assist developing country Parties, in line with decision 1/CP.21, paragraph 86;

9. *Notes* the Global Environment Facility Council decision GEF/C.50/07[4] and its conclusions, and *invites* the Global Environment Facility to further consider ways to improve its access modalities for developing country Parties, including small island developing States and the least developed countries;

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[1] FCCC/CP/2017/7.

[2] See the joint summary of the chairs of the 52nd Global Environment Facility Council meeting, paragraphs 24 and 25. Available at https://www.thegef.org/sites/default/files/council-meeting-documents/EN_GEF.C.52_Joint_Summary_of_the_Chairs.pdf.

[3] See paragraph 7 of the joint summary referred to in footnote 2 above.

[4] Titled "Future Directions on Accreditation – A Follow-Up".

10. *Requests* the Global Environment Facility, as appropriate, to ensure that its policies and procedures related to the consideration and review of funding proposals be duly followed in an efficient manner;

11. *Encourages* the Global Environment Facility to further enhance engagement with the private sector, including in its technology projects;

12. *Invites* the Global Environment Facility to allocate provisions in the climate change focal area of its seventh replenishment for supporting developing country Parties in undertaking technology needs assessments and piloting priority technology projects to foster innovation and investment;

13. *Also invites* the Global Environment Facility to include information in its reports to the Conference of the Parties on:

(a) The collaboration between the Global Environment Facility focal points and the national designated entities for technology development and transfer, as communicated by the Climate Technology Centre and Network to the Global Environment Facility;[5]

(b) Whether and how Parties have used their System for Transparent Allocation of Resources allocation for piloting the implementation of the technology needs assessment results;[6]

14. *Further invites* Parties to submit via the submission portal,[7] no later than 10 weeks prior to the twenty-fourth session of the Conference of the Parties (December 2018), their views and recommendations on the elements to be taken into account in developing guidance for the Global Environment Facility;

15. *Requests* the Standing Committee on Finance to take into consideration the submissions referred to in paragraph 14 above when providing its draft guidance for the Global Environment Facility for consideration by the Conference of the Parties;

16. *Also requests* the Global Environment Facility to include in its annual report to the Conference of the Parties information on the steps that it has taken to implement the guidance provided in this decision.

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[5] FCCC/SBI/2016/20, paragraph 84.
[6] FCCC/SBI/2016/20, paragraph 85.
[7] http://www4.unfccc.int/sites/submissionportal/Pages/Home.aspx.

Decision 11/CP.23

Sixth review of the Financial Mechanism

The Conference of the Parties,

Recalling decision 12/CP.22,

1. *Notes* the expert input of the Standing Committee on Finance to the sixth review of the Financial Mechanism;[1]

2. *Takes note* of the efforts made by the operating entities of the Financial Mechanism to enhance complementarity and coherence between them and between the operating entities and other sources of investment and financial flows;

3. *Requests* the operating entities of the Financial Mechanism to continue to enhance complementarity and coherence;

4. *Decides* to initiate the seventh review of the Financial Mechanism at the twenty-sixth session of the Conference of the Parties (November 2020) in accordance with the criteria in the updated guidelines contained in the annex to decision 12/CP.22, or as those guidelines may be subsequently amended;

5. *Requests* the Standing Committee on Finance to provide expert input to the seventh review of the Financial Mechanism in 2021 with a view to the review being completed by the Conference of the Parties at its twenty-seventh session (November 2021).

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[1] FCCC/CP/2017/9, annex II.

Decision 12/CP.23

Process to identify the information to be provided by Parties in accordance with Article 9, paragraph 5, of the Paris Agreement

The Conference of the Parties,

Recalling Article 9, paragraphs 1, 3 and 5, of the Paris Agreement,

Also recalling decisions 1/CP.21, paragraph 55, and 13/CP.22,

Further recalling decision 3/CP.19, paragraph 10,

1. *Reiterates* that developed country Parties shall biennially communicate indicative quantitative and qualitative information related to Article 9, paragraphs 1 and 3, of the Paris Agreement, as applicable, including, as available, projected levels of public financial resources to be provided to developing country Parties, and that other Parties providing resources are encouraged to communicate biennially such information on a voluntary basis;[1]

2. *Welcomes* the constructive sharing of views during the round-table discussion among Parties organized by the secretariat on 16 May 2017;

3. *Also welcomes* the summary report on that round-table discussion prepared by the secretariat;[2]

4. *Further welcomes* the progress made on this matter as reflected in the informal note by the co-chairs of the contact group thereon;[3]

5. *Requests* the Subsidiary Body for Implementation to consider, beginning at its forty-eighth session (April–May 2018) and at any subsequent sessions on the Paris Agreement work programme, the identification of the information to be provided by Parties in accordance with Article 9, paragraph 5, of the Paris Agreement, and to forward the outcomes to the Conference of the Parties at its twenty-fourth session (December 2018) with a view to the Conference of the Parties providing a recommendation for consideration and adoption by the Conference of the Parties serving as the meeting of the Parties to the Paris Agreement at the third part of its first session (December 2018);

6. *Also requests* the Subsidiary Body for Implementation to consider the matter referred to in paragraph 5 above taking into account the informal note referred to in paragraph 4 above.

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18 November 2017

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[1] Article 9, paragraph 5, of the Paris Agreement.

[2] FCCC/CP/2017/INF.2.

[3] http://unfccc.int/files/meetings/bonn_nov_2017/in-session/application/pdf/cop23_10f_informal_note.pdf.

United Nations

Framework Convention on Climate Change

FCCC/CP/2017/11/Add.2

Distr.: General
8 February 2018

Original: English

Conference of the Parties

Report of the Conference of the Parties on its twenty-third session, held in Bonn from 6 to 18 November 2017

Addendum

Part two: Action taken by the Conference of the Parties at its twenty-third session

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Decision 13/CP.23

Assessment of the technical examination processes on mitigation and adaptation

The Conference of the Parties,

Recalling its decision to conduct an assessment of the technical examination processes on mitigation and adaptation so as to improve their effectiveness,[1]

Expressing its appreciation to the Chairs of the subsidiary bodies, the high-level champions, the Adaptation Committee, the Technology Executive Committee, Parties and non-Party stakeholders for the efforts undertaken and outputs produced so far in the implementation of the technical examination processes,

Having conducted the assessment of the technical examination processes and considered ways of improving their effectiveness,

1. *Stresses* the urgency of improving the technical examination processes, as outlined in decision 1/CP.21, including to better integrate them with the Marrakech Partnership for Global Climate Action;

2. *Strongly urges* the Chairs of the subsidiary bodies, the high-level champions,[2] the Adaptation Committee, the Technology Executive Committee and the Climate Technology Centre and Network to focus the technical examination processes on specific policy options and opportunities for enhancing mitigation and adaptation that are actionable in the short term, including those with sustainable development co-benefits;

3. *Also strongly urges* the high-level champions to identify, by 12 January 2018, in consultation with the Technology Executive Committee and the Climate Technology Centre and Network, topics for the technical examination process on mitigation for the period until 2020;

4. *Requests* the Technology Executive Committee and the Climate Technology Centre and Network to include in their joint annual report to the Conference of the Parties, having consulted with the high-level champions thereon, recommendations for Parties and other organizations on ways forward and necessary actions to be taken based on the outcomes of the technical expert meetings;[3]

5. *Also requests* the Adaptation Committee, in conducting the technical examination process on adaptation, to consider the needs of Parties expressed in their nationally determined contributions, national adaptation plans and national communications, to address all four functions of the technical examination process on adaptation,[4] and to include in its annual report to the Conference of the Parties recommendations for respective processes and for constituted bodies under the Convention, Parties and other organizations on ways forward and necessary actions to be taken based on the outcomes of the technical expert meetings;

6. *Invites* expert organizations, constituted bodies under the Convention and non-Party stakeholders to enhance their engagement in the technical examination processes;

7. *Also invites* expert organizations to volunteer, through the secretariat, to lead the organization of relevant technical expert meetings;

8. *Further invites* the lead expert organizations and *requests* the secretariat, as appropriate, in organizing the technical expert meetings:

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[1] Decision 1/CP.21, paragraphs 113 and 131.
[2] Decision 1/CP.21, paragraphs 121 and 122.
[3] Decision 1/CP.21, paragraphs 111(a) and 129(a).
[4] Decision 1/CP.21, paragraph 127.

(a) To make the technical expert meetings more interactive, including by means of round tables, thematic dialogues and virtual participation;

(b) To make the agenda and guiding questions for the technical expert meetings available well in advance thereof;

(c) To conclude the technical expert meetings with a session on proposing ways forward and necessary actions in relation to the identified policy options and opportunities referred to in paragraph 2 above for inclusion in the technical papers[5] and subsequent summaries for policymakers;[6]

9. *Invites* Parties and non-Party stakeholders to organize regional technical expert meetings, building on existing regional climate action events, as appropriate, with a view to examining specific finance, technology and capacity-building resources necessary to scale up actions in regional contexts, including through regional mitigation and adaptation initiatives, and to provide their reports thereon to the secretariat as input to the technical examination processes;

10. *Strongly urges* the Chairs of the subsidiary bodies, the high-level champions, the Adaptation Committee, the Technology Executive Committee and the Climate Technology Centre and Network to ensure the necessary continuity of and follow-up on the identified policy options and opportunities referred to in paragraph 2 above, including by informing the summaries for policymakers,[7] the high-level events[8] and the Talanoa dialogue;

11. *Invites* Parties and non-Party stakeholders to share experience on actions taken and pledges made towards addressing the recommendations referred to in paragraphs 4 and 5 above as input to the relevant technical papers, summaries for policymakers and high-level events.

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[5] Decision 1/CP.21, paragraphs 111(b) and 129(b).
[6] Decision 1/CP.21, paragraphs 111(c) and 129(b).
[7] As footnote 6 above.
[8] Decision 1/CP.21, paragraph 120.

Decision 14/CP.23

Review of the effective implementation of the Climate Technology Centre and Network

The Conference of the Parties,

Recalling decisions 1/CP.16, 2/CP.17, 1/CP.18 and 14/CP.18,

1. *Welcomes* the report on the independent review of the effective implementation of the Climate Technology Centre and Network (hereinafter referred to as the independent review)[1] commissioned by the secretariat in response to decision 2/CP.17, annex VII, paragraph 20;

2. *Welcomes with appreciation* the support provided by Parties[2] and the Global Environment Facility, and the financial and in-kind contributions from the United Nations Environment Programme, the United Nations Industrial Development Organization and other consortium partners of the Climate Technology Centre and Network in supporting the operationalization and activities of the Climate Technology Centre and Network;

3. *Notes* the key findings of the independent review regarding the relevance, effectiveness, efficiency, impact and sustainability of the services provided by the Climate Technology Centre and Network, as contained in the report referred to in paragraph 1 above;[3]

4. *Also notes* the achievements and challenges regarding the effective implementation of the Climate Technology Centre and Network, as contained in the report referred to in paragraph 1 above;[4]

5. *Decides* to renew the memorandum of understanding between the Conference of the Parties and the United Nations Environment Programme regarding the hosting of the Climate Technology Centre, as contained in annex I to decision 14/CP.18, for a further four-year period, in accordance with decision 2/CP.17, annex VII, paragraph 22;

6. *Authorizes* the Executive Secretary to sign, on behalf of the Conference of the Parties, the memorandum of understanding referred to in paragraph 5 above;

7. *Invites* the United Nations Environment Programme, as the host of the Climate Technology Centre, with the support of the Climate Technology Centre and Network and in consultation with its Advisory Board, and within their respective functions and mandates,[5] to provide a management response to the relevant findings and recommendations of the independent review for consideration by the Subsidiary Body for Implementation at its forty-eighth session (April–May 2018), taking into account Parties' deliberations at this session;

8. *Requests* the Subsidiary Body for Implementation, at its forty-eighth session, to consider the findings and recommendations of the independent review, and the management response from the United Nations Environment Programme referred to in paragraph 7 above with a view to recommending a draft decision on enhancing the performance of the Climate Technology Centre and Network for consideration and adoption by the Conference of the Parties at its twenty-fourth session (December 2018);

9. *Notes* that the Climate Technology Centre and Network continues to face challenges that need attention regarding sustainable funding for implementing its functions, and that

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[1] FCCC/CP/2017/3.

[2] Canada, Denmark, European Union, Finland, Germany, Ireland, Italy, Japan, Norway, Republic of Korea, Spain, Switzerland and United States of America.

[3] FCCC/CP/2017/3, paragraphs 51–82.

[4] FCCC/CP/2017/3, paragraphs 83 and 84.

[5] Decision 2/CP.17, annex VII, and decision 14/CP.18, annex I.

further financial support should be provided, recalling decision 2/CP.17, paragraphs 139 and 141;

10. *Requests* the secretariat, pursuant to decision 2/CP.17, annex VII, paragraph 20, and subject to the availability of financial resources, to commission the second independent review of the effective implementation of the Climate Technology Centre and Network for consideration by the Conference of the Parties at its twenty-seventh session (November 2021), taking into account lessons learned from the first independent review, including issues related to the timing of the review report and the management response referred to in paragraph 7 above.

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Decision 15/CP.23

Enhancing climate technology development and transfer through the Technology Mechanism

The Conference of the Parties,

Recalling decisions 1/CP.18, 13/CP.18, 17/CP.20, 12/CP.21 and 15/CP.22,

1. *Welcomes* the joint annual report of the Technology Executive Committee and the Climate Technology Centre and Network for 2017, including the key messages and recommendations contained therein, and the progress of their work to facilitate the effective implementation of the Technology Mechanism;[1]

2. *Acknowledges* the work undertaken by the Technology Executive Committee and the Climate Technology Centre and Network in supporting the implementation of the Paris Agreement, and *looks forward* to enhanced efforts in this regard in the future, taking into consideration gender, endogenous technologies, including knowledge from local communities and indigenous peoples, and the balance between adaptation and mitigation;

3. *Welcomes with appreciation* the inclusion in the joint annual report referred to in paragraph 1 above of information on challenges and lessons learned by the Technology Executive Committee and the Climate Technology Centre and Network in implementing their respective mandates;

4. *Takes note* of the updated procedures for preparing the joint annual report of the Technology Executive Committee and the Climate Technology Centre and Network, as contained in annex I to the joint annual report referred to in paragraph 1 above;

5. *Requests* the Technology Executive Committee and the Climate Technology Centre and Network to carry out monitoring and evaluation of the impacts of the implementation of their respective mandates;

6. *Notes with appreciation* the collaboration between the Technology Executive Committee and the Climate Technology Centre and Network, and *encourages* the two bodies to continue to strengthen the collaboration across the entire technology cycle;

I. Activities and performance of the Technology Executive Committee in 2017

7. *Welcomes* the progress made by the Technology Executive Committee in advancing the implementation of its rolling workplan for 2016–2018,[2] including in the areas of: adaptation; climate technology financing; emerging and cross-cutting issues; innovation and research, development and demonstration; mitigation; and technology needs assessments;

8. *Invites* Parties and all relevant stakeholders working on technology development and transfer, when implementing climate technology action, to consider the key messages and recommendations of the Technology Executive Committee, noting that these are in the areas of innovation, industrial energy and material efficiency, and technology needs assessments;

9. *Also invites* the Technology Executive Committee to continue to enhance the linkages between the technology needs assessments process and the nationally determined contributions process, and between the technology needs assessments process and the national adaptation plans process;

[1] FCCC/SB/2017/3.

[2] Technology Executive Committee document TEC/2016/12/13-an. Available at https://goo.gl/nybgmc.

10. *Encourages* the Technology Executive Committee to continue strengthening collaboration with other constituted bodies under the Convention, including the Adaptation Committee and the Executive Committee of the Warsaw International Mechanism for Loss and Damage associated with Climate Change Impacts;

11. *Invites* the Technology Executive Committee to enhance its communication and outreach strategy;

II. Activities and performance of the Climate Technology Centre and Network in 2017

12. *Welcomes* the progress made by the Climate Technology Centre and Network in 2017 in implementing its programme of work, including by enhancing its response to the increased requests for technical assistance; broadening the network membership; and increasing the use of expertise sourced from the network to address the requests for technical assistance;

13. *Encourages* the Climate Technology Centre and Network to continue strengthening partnership and collaboration with relevant stakeholders;

14. *Notes* that the Climate Technology Centre and Network continues to face challenges that need attention regarding sustainable funding for implementing its functions, and that further financial support should be provided, recalling decision 2/CP.17, paragraphs 139 and 141;

15. *Welcomes with appreciation* the ongoing collaboration between the Climate Technology Centre and Network and the Green Climate Fund, wherein the services and expertise of the Climate Technology Centre and Network can strengthen proposals seeking support from the Readiness and Preparatory Support Programme and the Project Preparation Facility of the Green Climate Fund;

16. *Welcomes* the engagement of the Climate Technology Centre and Network with the Global Environment Facility and multilateral development banks regarding collaborative activities, including the implementation of technical assistance requests with scalable investment potential;

17. *Invites* the Climate Technology Centre and Network to continue providing support for enhancing the capacity of national designated entities;

18. *Also invites* Parties that have not yet nominated their national designated entities to communicate their nomination to the secretariat through their national focal point.

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Decision 16/CP.23

Annual technical progress report of the Paris Committee on Capacity-building for 2017

The Conference of the Parties,

Recalling decisions 2/CP.17, 1/CP.21, 2/CP.22 and 16/CP.22,

1. *Emphasizes* the importance of addressing the capacity gaps and needs, both current and emerging, related to implementing capacity-building activities in developing country Parties;

2. *Appreciates* the work of the Paris Committee on Capacity-building in its first year;

3. *Welcomes* the annual technical progress report of the Paris Committee on Capacity-building for 2017,[1] taking note of the recommendations contained therein;

4. *Takes note* of the rules of procedure and working modalities of the Paris Committee on Capacity-building;[2]

5. *Also takes note* of the rolling workplan of the Paris Committee on Capacity-building for 2017–2019;[3]

6. *Invites* Parties and relevant institutions to provide support and resources to the Paris Committee on Capacity-building in implementing its 2017–2019 workplan in the light of the aim of the Paris Committee on Capacity-building, established by decision 1/CP.21;

7. *Encourages* the Paris Committee on Capacity-building, when implementing its workplan, to identify and collaborate with institutions and other stakeholders with relevant expertise, tools and resources, including bodies established under the Convention;

8. *Takes note* of the decision of the Paris Committee on Capacity-building to continue its 2017 focus area or theme of capacity-building activities for the implementation of nationally determined contributions in the context of the Paris Agreement in 2018;[4]

9. *Requests* the Subsidiary Body for Implementation to thematically align the next Durban Forum with the 2017–2018 focus area or theme of the Paris Committee on Capacity-building, taking note of the recommendation of the committee contained in its 2017 technical progress report;

10. *Also requests* the secretariat to help to identify communication modalities that would better accommodate the intersessional work of the Paris Committee on Capacity-building.

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[1] FCCC/SBI/2017/11.
[2] FCCC/SBI/2017/11, annex II.
[3] FCCC/SBI/2017/11, annex IV.
[4] FCCC/SBI/2017/11, annex III, in particular paragraphs 60 and 61.

Decision 17/CP.23

Fourth review of the implementation of the framework for capacity-building in countries with economies in transition

The Conference of the Parties,

Recalling decisions 3/CP.7, 9/CP.9, 3/CP.10, 2/CP.17 and 21/CP.18,

Acknowledging that capacity-building for countries with economies in transition is essential to enable them to implement effectively their commitments under the Convention,

Having considered the information provided by Parties, the submissions received in response to the invitations of the Conference of the Parties and the compilation and synthesis report in support of the fourth review of the implementation of the framework for capacity-building in countries with economies in transition established under decision 3/CP.7,

1. *Recognizes* that:

(a) Significant progress has been made in building the capacity of countries with economies in transition to mitigate and adapt to climate change, and that some recipients of assistance have started to transfer their own expertise, knowledge and lessons learned on capacity-building to Parties not included in Annex I to the Convention;

(b) Parties included in Annex I to the Convention and the Global Environment Facility, within its mandate, have provided adequate resources and assistance for the implementation of the framework for capacity-building in countries with economies in transition established under decision 3/CP.7;

(c) Support was also provided to countries with economies in transition by multilateral development banks and international financial institutions;

(d) Countries with economies in transition that are currently receiving support, notwithstanding the progress made, are in need of further capacity-building, in particular for the development and implementation of national low-carbon development strategies consistent with their national priorities and with their emission reduction targets;

2. *Reaffirms* that the scope of the needs identified in the framework for capacity-building in countries with economies in transition established under decision 3/CP.7 and the key factors identified in decision 3/CP.10 remain relevant and continue to be the basis for, and guide the implementation of, capacity-building activities in countries with economies in transition that are currently receiving support;

3. *Invites* Parties included in Annex II to the Convention and other Parties in a position to do so, the Global Environment Facility, multilateral and bilateral agencies, international organizations, multilateral development banks, international financial institutions and the private sector, or any further arrangements, as appropriate and within their mandates, to continue to provide support for capacity-building activities in countries with economies in transition that are currently receiving support;

4. *Decides* to conclude the fourth review, and *requests* the Subsidiary Body for Implementation, at its session to be held in June 2020, to initiate the fifth review of the implementation of the framework for capacity-building in countries with economies in transition with a view to completing this review at the twenty-sixth session of the Conference of the Parties (November 2020).

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Decision 18/CP.23

Scope of the next periodic review of the long-term global goal under the Convention and of overall progress towards achieving it

The Conference of the Parties,

Recalling decision 10/CP.21, paragraph 10,

Noting the recommendation by the Subsidiary Body for Scientific and Technological Advice and the Subsidiary Body for Implementation, at their forty-sixth sessions, on the scope of the next periodic review of the long-term global goal under the Convention and of overall progress towards achieving it,

Decides that the consideration of the scope of the next periodic review of the long-term global goal under the Convention and of overall progress towards achieving it should be resumed by the Subsidiary Body for Scientific and Technological Advice and the Subsidiary Body for Implementation at their sessions to be held in June 2019 with a view to the Subsidiary Body for Scientific and Technological Advice and the Subsidiary Body for Implementation forwarding a recommendation for consideration by the Conference of the Parties at its twenty-fifth session (November 2019) that will take into account the relevant work on the global stocktake under the Ad Hoc Working Group on the Paris Agreement, and the Talanoa dialogue, which will take place in 2018, and the technical examination processes.[1]

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[1] FCCC/SBSTA/2016/2, paragraph 46, and FCCC/SBI/2016/8, paragraph 132.

Decision 19/CP.23

Training programme for review experts for the technical review of biennial reports and national communications of Parties included in Annex I to the Convention

The Conference of the Parties,

Recalling Articles 4, 7 and 12 of the Convention and decisions 2/CP.1, 9/CP.2, 6/CP.3, 4/CP.5, 33/CP.7, 18/CP.10, 1/CP.13, 2/CP.17 and 19/CP.18 on national communications and biennial reports,

Also recalling decision 13/CP.20 on the guidelines for the technical review of information reported under the Convention related to greenhouse gas inventories, biennial reports and national communications by Parties included in Annex I to the Convention,

Further recalling decision 15/CP.20 on the training programme for review experts for the technical review of biennial reports and national communications of Parties included in Annex I to the Convention,

Having considered the relevant recommendations of the Subsidiary Body for Scientific and Technological Advice,

Recognizing the importance of the training programme for review experts for the technical review of biennial reports and national communications of Parties included in Annex I to the Convention and the importance of enhancing the training programme,

1. *Requests* the secretariat to enhance the materials of the training programme, on the basis of decisions 24/CP.19 and 9/CP.21 and taking into account the experience gained in conducting the technical reviews of biennial reports and national communications of Parties included in Annex I to the Convention since 2014, before the start of the reviews of the seventh national communications and third biennial reports of Parties included in Annex I to the Convention in 2018;

2. *Also requests* the secretariat to enhance the user interface of the training courses with a view to making them more user-friendly;

3. *Further requests* the secretariat to implement the training programme and examinations for review experts for the technical review of biennial reports and national communications of Parties included in Annex I to the Convention as outlined in the annex;

4. *Requests* the secretariat to include, in its annual report to the Subsidiary Body for Scientific and Technological Advice on the composition of expert review teams, information on the training programme, in particular on examination procedures and the selection of trainees, so that Parties may assess the effectiveness of the programme.

Annex

Training programme for review experts for the technical review of biennial reports and national communications of Parties included in Annex I to the Convention

A. Details of the training programme

1. The courses are intended to train review experts for the technical review of biennial reports and national communications of Parties included in Annex I to the Convention. All training courses will be available online and able to be downloaded. For trainees without easy access to the Internet, courses will be distributed through other electronic means. The courses will also be made available to others interested in the review process, provided that this does not require additional resources. All courses will be available upon request to trainees all year round, without facilitation by instructors.

2. All training courses will include an examination. Examination procedures will be standardized, objective and transparent.

3. The examination will take place online. In exceptional circumstances, other arrangements for examinations will be made, provided that the examinations take place under the supervision of the secretariat and that this does not require additional resources.

4. New review experts who successfully complete the relevant requirements of the training programme and pass the examinations will be invited to participate in a centralized or in-country review, working alongside experienced review experts.

5. Experts who do not pass an examination for a course at the first attempt may retake the examination up to two more times only, provided that the expert has fulfilled all of the tasks assigned during the training course in a timely manner and that the retake does not require the secretariat to incur additional costs.

B. Courses of the training programme

1. General and cross-cutting aspects of the review of national communications and biennial reports

Description: This course covers the reporting requirements and the procedures for the general aspects of the review process of national communications and biennial reports under the Convention, and aims to provide a comprehensive overview of the reporting and review requirements and guidance to expert review teams on the process and steps for conducting reviews under the international assessment and review process. The course promotes consistency and fairness in the review process by providing technical guidance on the general review approaches and use of tools.
Preparation: 2017.
Implementation: 2017–2020.
Target audience: New and experienced review experts and lead reviewers.
Type of course: E-learning, without an instructor.
Examination requirements and format: New review experts and new lead reviewers must pass the examination before participating in expert review teams. Lead reviewers and experienced experts are encouraged to take the examination. Online examination.

2. Technical review of targets and of policies and measures, their effects and their contribution to achieving those targets

Description: This course provides general guidance and approaches for the technical review of information on national policy context and greenhouse gas (GHG) mitigation targets, policies and measures (PaMs), the effects of each individual PaM and their contribution to the reduction of GHG emissions.
Preparation: 2017.

Implementation: 2017–2020.
Target audience: New and experienced review experts reviewing targets and PaMs, and lead reviewers.
Type of course: E-learning, without an instructor.
Examination requirements and format: New review experts must pass the examination before participating in expert review teams. Lead reviewers and experienced experts reviewing targets and PaMs, their effects and their contribution to achieving those targets are encouraged to take the examination. Online examination.

3. **Technical review of greenhouse gas emissions, emission trends, projections and the total effect of policies and measures**

Description: This course provides general guidance and approaches for the technical review of information on GHG emissions, emission trends, projections and the total effect of PaMs.
Preparation: 2017.
Implementation: 2017–2020.
Target audience: New and experienced review experts reviewing emission trends, projections and the total effect of PaMs, and lead reviewers.
Type of course: E-learning, without an instructor.
Examination requirements and format: New review experts must pass the examination before participating in expert review teams. Lead reviewers and experienced experts reviewing GHG emissions, emission trends, projections and the total effect of PaMs are encouraged to take the examination. Online examination.

4. **Technical review of the provision of financial support, technology transfer and capacity-building**

Description: This course provides general guidance and approaches for the technical review of information on the provision of financial resources by Parties included in Annex II to the Convention to Parties not included in Annex I to the Convention, the promotion, facilitation and financing of the transfer of technology, and capacity-building, including creating national expertise on issues related to climate change, strengthening institutions and developing educational, training and awareness-raising activities.
Preparation: 2017.
Implementation: 2017–2020.
Target audience: New and experienced review experts reviewing the provision of financial support, technology transfer and capacity-building, and lead reviewers.
Type of course: E-learning, without an instructor.
Examination requirements and format: New review experts must pass the examination before participating in expert review teams. Lead reviewers and experienced experts reviewing the provision of financial support, technology transfer and capacity-building are encouraged to take the examination. Online examination.

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Decision 20/CP.23

Administrative, financial and institutional matters

The Conference of the Parties,

Recalling decision 22/CP.21, in which the programme budget for the biennium 2016–2017 was approved,

Also recalling paragraph 11 of the financial procedures for the Conference of the Parties to the United Nations Framework Convention on Climate Change, its subsidiary bodies and its permanent secretariat,[1]

Having considered the information contained in the documents prepared by the secretariat on administrative, financial and institutional matters,[2]

I. Budget performance for the biennium 2016–2017

1. *Takes note* of the information contained in the report on budget performance for the biennium 2016–2017 as at 30 June 2017[3] and the note on the status of contributions to the trust funds administered by the secretariat as at 16 October 2017;[4]

2. *Expresses its appreciation* to Parties that made contributions to the core budget in a timely manner;

3. *Expresses concern* regarding the high level of outstanding contributions to the core budget for the current and previous bienniums, which has resulted in difficulties with cash flow;

4. *Strongly urges* Parties that have not made contributions in full to the core budget for the current and/or previous bienniums to do so without further delay;

5. *Calls upon* Parties to make their contributions to the core budget for the year 2018 in a timely manner, bearing in mind that contributions are due on 1 January of each year in accordance with the financial procedures for the Conference of the Parties;

6. *Expresses its appreciation* for the contributions to the Trust Fund for Participation in the UNFCCC Process and to the Trust Fund for Supplementary Activities received from Parties;

7. *Urges* Parties to further contribute to the Trust Fund for Participation in the UNFCCC Process, in order to ensure the widest possible participation in the negotiations in 2018, and to the Trust Fund for Supplementary Activities;

8. *Reiterates its appreciation* to the Government of Germany for its annual voluntary contribution to the core budget of EUR 766,938 and its special contribution of EUR 1,789,522 as Host Government of the secretariat;

[1] Decision 15/CP.1, annex I.

[2] FCCC/SBI/2017/13, FCCC/SBI/2017/INF.8, FCCC/SBI/2017/INF.14 and FCCC/SBI/2017/INF.15 and Add.1.

[3] FCCC/SBI/2017/13.

[4] FCCC/SBI/2017/INF.14.

II. Audit report and financial statements for 2016

9. *Takes note* of the audit report of the United Nations Board of Auditors[5] and the financial statements for 2016, which include recommendations, and the comments of the secretariat thereon;

10. *Expresses its appreciation* to the United Nations for arranging the audit of the accounts of the Convention;

11. *Also expresses its appreciation* to the auditors for the valuable observations and recommendations and the presentation made thereon to Parties;

12. *Urges* the Executive Secretary to implement the recommendations of the auditors, as appropriate.

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[5] FCCC/SBI/2017/INF.15 and Add.1

Decision 21/CP.23

Programme budget for the biennium 2018–2019

The Conference of the Parties,

Recalling paragraphs 4 and 7(e) of the financial procedures for the Conference of the Parties, its subsidiary bodies and the secretariat,[1]

Having considered the proposed programme budget for the biennium 2018–2019 submitted by the Executive Secretary,[2]

1. *Approves* the programme budget for the biennium 2018–2019, amounting to EUR 56,889,092 for the purposes specified in table 1;

2. *Notes with appreciation* the annual contribution of EUR 766,938 of the Host Government, which offsets planned expenditures;

3. *Approves* the staffing table (see table 2) for the programme budget;

4. *Notes* that the programme budget contains elements relating to the Convention and the Paris Agreement as well as to the Kyoto Protocol;

5. *Adopts* the indicative scale of contributions for 2018 and 2019 contained in the annex, covering 85 per cent of the indicative contributions specified in table 1;

6. *Invites* the Conference of the Parties serving as the meeting of the Parties to the Kyoto Protocol, at its thirteenth session, to endorse the elements of the recommended budget as it applies to the Kyoto Protocol;

7. *Also invites* the United Nations General Assembly to decide, at its seventy-second session, on the issue of meeting the conference services expenses from its regular budget as a continuation of existing practice;

8. *Approves* a contingency budget for conference services, amounting to EUR 9,651,400, to be added to the programme budget for the biennium 2018–2019 in the event that the United Nations General Assembly decides not to provide resources for these activities in the United Nations regular budget (see table 3);

9. *Requests* the Executive Secretary to report to the Subsidiary Body for Implementation on the implementation of matters referred to in paragraphs 7 and 8 above, as necessary;

10. *Authorizes* the Executive Secretary to make transfers between each of the appropriation lines set out in table 1, up to an aggregate limit of 15 per cent of total estimated expenditure for those appropriation lines, provided that a further limitation of up to minus 25 per cent of each such appropriation line shall apply, while ensuring no negative impacts on the activities under each programme;

11. *Decides* to maintain the level of the working capital reserve at 8.3 per cent of the estimated expenditure;

12. *Invites* all Parties to the Convention to note that contributions to the core budget are due on 1 January of each year in accordance with paragraph 8(b) of the financial procedures[3] and to pay promptly and in full, for each of the years 2018 and 2019, the contributions required to finance expenditures approved in paragraph 1 above and any contributions required to finance the expenditures arising from the decision referred to in paragraph 8 above;

13. *Takes note* of the funding estimates for the Trust Fund for Participation in the UNFCCC Process specified by the Executive Secretary (see table 4);

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[1] Decision 15/CP.1, annex I.

[2] FCCC/SBI/2017/4.

[3] As footnote 1 above.

14. *Invites* Parties to make contributions to the Trust Fund for Participation in the UNFCCC Process;

15. *Takes note* of the funding estimates for the Trust Fund for Supplementary Activities specified by the Executive Secretary (EUR 53,484,419 for the biennium 2018–2019) (see table 5);

16. *Invites* Parties to make contributions to the Trust Fund for Supplementary Activities with a view to enabling the implementation of mandated activities envisaged under the fund;

17. *Requests* the secretariat to continue to seek efficiencies, streamline administrative services, absorb work in order to save costs in the biennium 2018–2019 and to report thereon at the session of the Subsidiary Body for Implementation to be held in June 2019;

18. *Also requests* the secretariat to prepare and make available an annual report as outlined in document FCCC/SBI/2016/INF.14, paragraph 37, to be considered at each session of the Subsidiary Body for Implementation following the closure of the preceding financial year, providing information on the secretariat's activities in the preceding year, programme delivery highlights and financial performance;

19. *Further requests* the Executive Secretary to report to the Conference of the Parties at its twenty-fourth session (December 2018) on income and budget performance, taking into account guidance from Parties, and to propose any adjustments that might be needed to the programme budget for the biennium 2018–2019;

20. *Requests*, recalling paragraph 22 of decision 22/CP.21, in which the Executive Secretary was requested to include a zero nominal growth scenario in preparing future programme budget proposals, that such zero nominal growth budget scenarios be presented in the official budget documents in the same format and at the same level of detail as any other budget scenarios that the secretariat might provide.

Table 1
Core budget for 2018–2019 by programme

	2018 (EUR)	*2019 (EUR)*	*Total (EUR)*
A. Appropriations			
Executive Direction and Management[a]	2 353 745	2 353 745	4 707 490
Implementation and climate action cluster			
Mitigation, Data and Analysis	7 956 080	7 670 780	15 626 860
Finance, Technology and Capacity-Building	3 010 180	3 010 180	6 020 360
Adaptation	2 677 500	2 684 600	5 362 100
Sustainable Development Mechanism	439 740	439 740	879 480
Subtotal implementation and climate action cluster	**14 083 500**	**13 805 300**	**27 888 800**
Intergovernmental affairs and secretariat operations cluster			
Legal Affairs	1 076 800	1 076 800	2 153 600
Conference Affairs Services	1 699 035	1 696 620	3 395 655
Communications and Outreach	1 715 660	1 715 660	3 431 320
Information and Communication Technology	2 723 900	2 723 900	5 447 800
Administrative Services[b]	–	–	–
Secretariat-wide operating costs[c]	1 644 030	1 584 433	3 228 463
Subtotal intergovernmental affairs and secretariat operations cluster	**8 859 425**	**8 797 413**	**17 656 838**
Total appropriations	**25 296 670**	**24 956 458**	**50 253 128**
B. Programme support costs (overheads)[d]	3 288 567	3 244 340	6 532 907
C. Adjustment to working capital reserve[e]	103 057	–	103 057
Total (A + B + C)	**28 688 294**	**28 200 798**	**56 889 092**
Income			
Contribution from the Host Government	766 938	766 938	1 533 876
Indicative contributions	**27 921 356**	**27 433 860**	**55 355 216**
Total income	**28 688 294**	**28 200 798**	**56 889 092**

[a] The appropriation for the Executive Direction and Management programme includes a provision for an annual grant of EUR 244,755 to the Intergovernmental Panel on Climate Change.

[b] Administrative Services is funded from programme support costs (overheads).

[c] Secretariat-wide operating costs are managed by Administrative Services.

[d] Standard 13 per cent applied for administrative support.

[e] In accordance with the financial procedures (decision 15/CP.1), the core budget is required to maintain a working capital reserve of 8.3 per cent (one month of operating requirements), amounting to EUR 2,372,575 in 2018, which will be maintained at that level in 2019.

Table 2
Secretariat-wide staffing from the core budget

	2017	*2018*	*2019*
Professional category and above			
USG	1	1	1
ASG	1	1	1
D-2	2	2	2
D-1	7	7	7
P-5	15	15	15
P-4	35	35	35
P-3	43	43	43
P-2	16	16	16

Subtotal Professional category and above	**120**	**120**	**120**
Subtotal General Service category	**53.5**	**53.5**	**53.5**
Total	**173.5**	**173.5**	**173.5**

Abbreviations: USG = Under-Secretary-General, ASG = Assistant Secretary-General, D = Director, P = Professional.

Table 3
Resource requirements for the conference services contingency

	2018 (EUR)	*2019 (EUR)*	*2018–2019 (EUR)*
Object of expenditure			
Interpretation[a]	1 175 300	1 210 600	2 385 900
Documentation[b]			
Translation	1 944 800	2 003 100	3 947 900
Reproduction and distribution	668 300	668 400	1 336 700
Meetings services support[c]	249 000	276 400	525 400
Subtotal	**4 037 400**	**4 158 500**	**8 195 900**
Programme support costs	524 900	540 600	1 065 500
Working capital reserve	378 700	11 300	390 000
Total	**4 941 000**	**4 710 400**	**9 651 400**

[a] Includes salaries, travel and daily subsistence allowance for interpreters.
[b] Includes all costs related to the processing of pre-, in- and post-session documentation; translation costs include revision and typing of documents.
[c] Includes salaries, travel and daily subsistence allowance for meetings services support staff and costs of shipment and telecommunications.

Table 4
Resource requirements for the Trust Fund for Participation in the UNFCCC process in the biennium 2018–2019

Sessional options	*Estimated cost (EUR)*
Option 1: Support for one delegate from each eligible Party to participate in a two-week session organized in Bonn, Germany	1 017 582
Option 2: Support for one delegate from each eligible Party plus a second delegate from each of the least developed countries and each small island developing State to participate in a two-week session organized in Bonn	1 561 042
Option 3: Support for two delegates from each eligible Party to participate in a two-week session organized in Bonn	2 035 164
Option 4: Support for two delegates from each eligible Party plus a third delegate from each of the least developed countries and each small island developing State to participate in a two-week session organized in Poland	2 880 338

Note: Report of the Conference of the Parties on its nineteenth session, paragraph 145 (FCCC/CP/2013/10): "At the resumed 10th meeting, the Executive Secretary requested that the following statement be reflected in the report of the session: 'Since its inception, the secretariat has applied a consistent policy for the funding of representatives from developing country Parties across all relevant trust funds. In light of decisions taken in Cancun and Doha, it has been decided to adjust the policy as follows: representatives from developing country Parties designated by their respective regional groups to participate in meetings of the constituted bodies established under the Convention, and elected by parent bodies, will be eligible for funding under the Trust Fund for the UNFCCC Core Budget and the Trust Fund for Supplementary Activities'".

Table 5
Resource requirements for the Trust Fund for Supplementary Activities in the biennium 2018–2019

Project no.	*Activities to be undertaken by the secretariat*	*Supplementary requirements EUR*
	Support to implementation	
	Adaptation	
1	Promoting transparency and assessment of adaptation action, stakeholder engagement and outreach	1 680 647
2	Supporting national adaptation planning	4 132 975
3	Facilitating coherent adaptation action through the AC and the NWP	2 391 607
4	Addressing loss and damage associated with climate change impacts	1 853 299
	Nationally determined contributions/supporting implementation by Parties	
5	Supporting the implementation of activities relating to INDCs and NDCs	2 358 089
6	Organizing the technical dialogue on NDCs	2 798 219
7	Supporting and facilitating the work of the TEC and the implementation of the Paris Agreement on technology-related matters	987 982
8	Supporting the work of the PCCB and other capacity-building mandated activities, including the collaboration with relevant stakeholders within and outside the Convention	388 833
9	Providing support upon request to Parties to strengthen national climate change legislation	90 400
10	Supporting the implementation of the Paris Agreement through regional collaboration centres	–
11	Supporting and catalysing climate finance implementation	–
12	Implementing activities of the Support Unit of the NDC Partnership[a]	1 000 000
	Measurement, reporting and verification/transparency regime	
13	Supporting activities relating to LULUCF: reducing emissions from deforestation and forest degradation, enhancement of forest carbon sinks, and the role of sinks in future mitigation actions	865 603
14	Maintaining and enhancing UNFCCC reporting and information systems to enable Party submissions, delivery of data-based reports, operation of tools used in the MRV process, and the warehousing and management of GHG data	2 446 347
15	Strengthening the capacity of developing countries to participate in the MRV arrangements under the Convention and the transparency framework under the Paris Agreement	733 442
16	Supporting activities relating to training of experts for technical reviews of developed country Parties' submissions and technical analysis of developing country Parties' submissions, roster of experts and meeting of lead reviewers	2 006 000
17	Supporting the implementation of technical reviews of GHG inventories from Annex I Parties	1 095 580
18	Supporting the implementation of the work programme of the SCF and climate finance mandated activities	1 516 799
19	Supporting the tracking and transparency of support, including the preparation of the biennial assessment and overview of climate finance flows	192 100
20	Supporting the implementation of the IAR process for developed country Parties and the ICA process for developing country Parties	2 400 295
21	Supporting the work of the CGE in assisting developing countries with the implementation of the MRV/transparency frameworks	3 018 050
	Infrastructure support to implementation	
22	Connecting stakeholders	390 980
23	Enhancing the value of UNFCCC data and reports for use by Parties	846 370
	Kyoto Protocol	
24	Supporting the activities of the Compliance Committee	447 480

Project no.	*Activities to be undertaken by the secretariat*	*Supplementary requirements EUR*
25	Maintaining and enhancing the compilation and accounting database under the Kyoto Protocol	238 859
26	Supporting and optimizing the operation of joint implementation	1 549 794
	Catalysing climate action (Party and non-Party stakeholders)	
27	Boosting climate engagement via online media services[b]	2 464 638
28	Cross-cutting communications and events management of non-Party stakeholder/climate action agenda	867 185
29	Education and youth engagement – Action for Climate Empowerment	538 106
30	Momentum for Change – global awards for accelerated climate ambition[c]	2 753 833
31	Strengthening the technical examination process on mitigation: supporting the implementation of pre-2020 mitigation-related activities stemming from decision 1/CP.21	920 064
32	Supporting climate action[b]	2 879 059
33	Supporting stakeholder engagement in the UNFCCC process	1 127 833
	Supporting the UNFCCC process	
34	Supporting activities relating to the impact of the implementation of response measures	909 300
35	Assessing progress towards achieving the long-term goals of the Paris Agreement	633 137
36	Strengthening gender mainstreaming in climate change action and the UNFCCC process and the secretariat through coordination, collaboration, advocacy and capacity-building	797 916
37	Strengthening the science–policy interface	323 180
38	Supporting the intergovernmental negotiation processes on the development of modalities, procedures and guidelines for the transparency framework under the Paris Agreement	450 870
	Modernizing information and communication technology infrastructure	
39	Strengthening UNFCCC cyber security	359 905
40	Streamlining the production of UNFCCC documents	678 000
41	Providing virtual meeting/workshop participation to UNFCCC stakeholders	787 610
42	Providing a scalable, robust and secure cloud infrastructure for UNFCCC systems and data	751 450
43	Empowering stakeholders to work remotely	570 650
44	Developing internal communication tools	241 933
	Total	**53 484 419**

Abbreviations: AC = Adaptation Committee, CGE = Consultative Group of Experts on National Communications from Parties not included in Annex I to the Convention, GHG = greenhouse gas, ICA = international consultation and analysis, IAR = international assessment and review, INDC = intended nationally determined contribution, LULUCF = land use, land-use change and forestry, MRV = measurement, reporting and verification, NDC = nationally determined contribution, NWP = Nairobi work programme on impacts, vulnerability and adaptation to climate change, PCCB = Paris Committee on Capacity-building, SCF = Standing Committee on Finance, TEC = Technology Executive Committee.

[a] This project is being implemented under the NDC Partnership for the period 2017–2018. Funding to cover the project's activities in that period has already been made available to the secretariat.

[b] A project for which approximately 75 per cent of funding will be sought from non-Party stakeholders.

[c] A project for which up to 100 per cent of funding will be sought from non-Party stakeholders.

Annex

[English only]

Indicative scale of contributions from Parties to the Convention for the biennium 2018–2019[a]

Party	*United Nations scale of assessments for 2018*	*UNFCCC adjusted scale of assessments for 2018*	*UNFCCC adjusted scale of assessments for 2019*
Afghanistan	0.006	0.006	0.006
Albania	0.008	0.008	0.008
Algeria	0.161	0.157	0.157
Andorra	0.006	0.006	0.006
Angola	0.010	0.010	0.010
Antigua and Barbuda	0.002	0.002	0.002
Argentina	0.892	0.870	0.870
Armenia	0.006	0.006	0.006
Australia	2.337	2.278	2.278
Austria	0.720	0.702	0.702
Azerbaijan	0.060	0.058	0.058
Bahamas	0.014	0.014	0.014
Bahrain	0.044	0.043	0.043
Bangladesh	0.010	0.010	0.010
Barbados	0.007	0.007	0.007
Belarus	0.056	0.055	0.055
Belgium	0.885	0.863	0.863
Belize	0.001	0.001	0.001
Benin	0.003	0.003	0.003
Bhutan	0.001	0.001	0.001
Bolivia (Plurinational State of)	0.012	0.012	0.012
Bosnia and Herzegovina	0.013	0.013	0.013
Botswana	0.014	0.014	0.014
Brazil	3.823	3.727	3.727
Brunei Darussalam	0.029	0.028	0.028
Bulgaria	0.045	0.044	0.044
Burkina Faso	0.004	0.004	0.004
Burundi	0.001	0.001	0.001
Cabo Verde	0.001	0.001	0.001
Cambodia	0.004	0.004	0.004
Cameroon	0.010	0.010	0.010
Canada	2.921	2.848	2.848
Central African Republic	0.001	0.001	0.001
Chad	0.005	0.005	0.005
Chile	0.399	0.389	0.389
China	7.921	7.722	7.722
Colombia	0.322	0.314	0.314
Comoros	0.001	0.001	0.001
Congo	0.006	0.006	0.006
Cook Islands	0.001	0.001	0.001
Costa Rica	0.047	0.046	0.046
Côte d'Ivoire	0.009	0.009	0.009
Croatia	0.099	0.097	0.097
Cuba	0.065	0.063	0.063
Cyprus	0.043	0.042	0.042

Party	*United Nations scale of assessments for 2018*	*UNFCCC adjusted scale of assessments for 2018*	*UNFCCC adjusted scale of assessments for 2019*
Czechia	0.344	0.335	0.335
Democratic People's Republic of Korea	0.005	0.005	0.005
Democratic Republic of the Congo	0.008	0.008	0.008
Denmark	0.584	0.569	0.569
Djibouti	0.001	0.001	0.001
Dominica	0.001	0.001	0.001
Dominican Republic	0.046	0.045	0.045
Ecuador	0.067	0.065	0.065
Egypt	0.152	0.148	0.148
El Salvador	0.014	0.014	0.014
Equatorial Guinea	0.010	0.010	0.010
Eritrea	0.001	0.001	0.001
Estonia	0.038	0.037	0.037
Ethiopia	0.010	0.010	0.010
European Union	2.500	2.500	2.500
Fiji	0.003	0.003	0.003
Finland	0.456	0.445	0.445
France	4.859	4.737	4.737
Gabon	0.017	0.017	0.017
Gambia	0.001	0.001	0.001
Georgia	0.008	0.008	0.008
Germany	6.389	6.229	6.229
Ghana	0.016	0.016	0.016
Greece	0.471	0.459	0.459
Grenada	0.001	0.001	0.001
Guatemala	0.028	0.027	0.027
Guinea	0.002	0.002	0.002
Guinea-Bissau	0.001	0.001	0.001
Guyana	0.002	0.002	0.002
Haiti	0.003	0.003	0.003
Honduras	0.008	0.008	0.008
Hungary	0.161	0.157	0.157
Iceland	0.023	0.022	0.022
India	0.737	0.719	0.719
Indonesia	0.504	0.491	0.491
Iran (Islamic Republic of)	0.471	0.459	0.459
Iraq	0.129	0.126	0.126
Ireland	0.335	0.327	0.327
Israel	0.430	0.419	0.419
Italy	3.748	3.654	3.654
Jamaica	0.009	0.009	0.009
Japan	9.680	9.437	9.437
Jordan	0.020	0.019	0.019
Kazakhstan	0.191	0.186	0.186
Kenya	0.018	0.018	0.018
Kiribati	0.001	0.001	0.001
Kuwait	0.285	0.278	0.278
Kyrgyzstan	0.002	0.002	0.002
Lao People's Democratic Republic	0.003	0.003	0.003
Latvia	0.050	0.049	0.049
Lebanon	0.046	0.045	0.045
Lesotho	0.001	0.001	0.001
Liberia	0.001	0.001	0.001
Libya	0.125	0.122	0.122
Liechtenstein	0.007	0.007	0.007

Party	*United Nations scale of assessments for 2018*	*UNFCCC adjusted scale of assessments for 2018*	*UNFCCC adjusted scale of assessments for 2019*
Lithuania	0.072	0.070	0.070
Luxembourg	0.064	0.062	0.062
Madagascar	0.003	0.003	0.003
Malawi	0.002	0.002	0.002
Malaysia	0.322	0.314	0.314
Maldives	0.002	0.002	0.002
Mali	0.003	0.003	0.003
Malta	0.016	0.016	0.016
Marshall Islands	0.001	0.001	0.001
Mauritania	0.002	0.002	0.002
Mauritius	0.012	0.012	0.012
Mexico	1.435	1.399	1.399
Micronesia (Federated States of)	0.001	0.001	0.001
Monaco	0.010	0.010	0.010
Mongolia	0.005	0.005	0.005
Montenegro	0.004	0.004	0.004
Morocco	0.054	0.053	0.053
Mozambique	0.004	0.004	0.004
Myanmar	0.010	0.010	0.010
Namibia	0.010	0.010	0.010
Nauru	0.001	0.001	0.001
Nepal	0.006	0.006	0.006
Netherlands	1.482	1.445	1.445
New Zealand	0.268	0.261	0.261
Nicaragua	0.004	0.004	0.004
Niger	0.002	0.002	0.002
Nigeria	0.209	0.204	0.204
Niue	0.001	0.001	0.001
Norway	0.849	0.828	0.828
Oman	0.113	0.110	0.110
Pakistan	0.093	0.091	0.091
Palau	0.001	0.001	0.001
Panama	0.034	0.033	0.033
Papua New Guinea	0.004	0.004	0.004
Paraguay	0.014	0.014	0.014
Peru	0.136	0.133	0.133
Philippines	0.165	0.161	0.161
Poland	0.841	0.820	0.820
Portugal	0.392	0.382	0.382
Qatar	0.269	0.262	0.262
Republic of Korea	2.039	1.988	1.988
Republic of Moldova	0.004	0.004	0.004
Romania	0.184	0.179	0.179
Russian Federation	3.088	3.011	3.011
Rwanda	0.002	0.002	0.002
Saint Kitts and Nevis	0.001	0.001	0.001
Saint Lucia	0.001	0.001	0.001
Saint Vincent and the Grenadines	0.001	0.001	0.001
Samoa	0.001	0.001	0.001
San Marino	0.003	0.003	0.003
Sao Tome and Principe	0.001	0.001	0.001
Saudi Arabia	1.146	1.117	1.117
Senegal	0.005	0.005	0.005
Serbia	0.032	0.031	0.031
Seychelles	0.001	0.001	0.001

Party	*United Nations scale of assessments for 2018*	*UNFCCC adjusted scale of assessments for 2018*	*UNFCCC adjusted scale of assessments for 2019*
Sierra Leone	0.001	0.001	0.001
Singapore	0.447	0.436	0.436
Slovakia	0.160	0.156	0.156
Slovenia	0.084	0.082	0.082
Solomon Islands	0.001	0.001	0.001
Somalia	0.001	0.001	0.001
South Africa	0.364	0.355	0.355
South Sudan	0.003	0.003	0.003
Spain	2.443	2.382	2.382
Sri Lanka	0.031	0.030	0.030
State of Palestine	0.007	0.007	0.007
Sudan	0.010	0.010	0.010
Suriname	0.006	0.006	0.006
Swaziland	0.002	0.002	0.002
Sweden	0.956	0.932	0.932
Switzerland	1.140	1.111	1.111
Syrian Arab Republic	0.024	0.023	0.023
Tajikistan	0.004	0.004	0.004
Thailand	0.291	0.284	0.284
The former Yugoslav Republic of Macedonia	0.007	0.007	0.007
Timor-Leste	0.003	0.003	0.003
Togo	0.001	0.001	0.001
Tonga	0.001	0.001	0.001
Trinidad and Tobago	0.034	0.033	0.033
Tunisia	0.028	0.027	0.027
Turkey	1.018	0.992	0.992
Turkmenistan	0.026	0.025	0.025
Tuvalu	0.001	0.001	0.001
Uganda	0.009	0.009	0.009
Ukraine	0.103	0.100	0.100
United Arab Emirates	0.604	0.589	0.589
United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland	4.463	4.351	4.351
United Republic of Tanzania	0.010	0.010	0.010
United States of America	22.000	21.448	21.448
Uruguay	0.079	0.077	0.077
Uzbekistan	0.023	0.022	0.022
Vanuatu	0.001	0.001	0.001
Venezuela (Bolivarian Republic of)	0.571	0.557	0.557
Viet Nam	0.058	0.057	0.057
Yemen	0.010	0.010	0.010
Zambia	0.007	0.007	0.007
Zimbabwe	0.004	0.004	0.004
Total	**102.509**	**100.000**	**100.000**

[a] Pursuant to decision 15/CP.1, annex I, paragraph 7(a), the UNFCCC scale of indicative contributions may be adjusted following the adoption by the United Nations General Assembly of the United Nations scale of assessments for the period 2019–2021.

12th plenary meeting
17 November 2017

Decision 22/CP.23

Dates and venues of future sessions

The Conference of the Parties,

Recalling Article 7, paragraph 4, of the Convention,

Also recalling United Nations General Assembly resolution 40/243 of 18 December 1985 on the pattern of conferences,

Further recalling rule 22, paragraph 1, of the draft rules of procedure being applied regarding the rotation of the office of President among the five regional groups,

Recalling rule 3 of the draft rules of procedure being applied, which provides that the sessions of the Conference of the Parties shall take place at the seat of the secretariat unless the Conference of the Parties decides otherwise or other appropriate arrangements are made by the secretariat in consultation with Parties,

Also recalling decision 24/CP.22, paragraphs 7–11, regarding the acceptance of the offer of the Government of Poland to host the sessions taking place in the second sessional period of 2018, from 3 to 14 December,

I. Dates and venues of future sessions

A. 2018

1. *Notes* that, in keeping with the principle of rotation among the regional groups, the President to be elected at the sessions to be held from 3 to 14 December 2018 would come from the Eastern European States;

2. *Expresses its appreciation* for the nomination received from the Eastern European States of Mr. Jan Szyszko to serve as President at the sessions referred to in paragraph 1 above;

3. *Notes* the decision of the Government of Poland to host the sessions referred to in paragraph 1 above in Katowice;

4. *Reiterates its request* to the Executive Secretary to make the necessary arrangements for convening the sessions referred to in paragraph 1 above;

B. 2019

5. *Notes* that, in keeping with the principle of rotation among the regional groups, the President to be elected at the sessions to be held from 11 to 22 November 2019 would come from the Latin American and Caribbean States;

6. *Invites* Parties to undertake further consultations on the hosting of the sessions referred to in paragraph 5 above;

7. *Requests* the Subsidiary Body for Implementation, at its forty-eighth session (April–May 2018), to consider the issue of the host of the sessions referred to in paragraph 5 above and to recommend a draft decision on the matter for consideration and adoption by the Conference of the Parties at its twenty-fourth session (December 2018);

C. 2020

8. *Notes* that, in keeping with the principle of rotation among the regional groups, the President to be elected at the sessions to be held from 9 to 20 November 2020 would come from the Western European and other States;

9. *Invites* Parties to undertake further consultations on the hosting of the sessions referred to in paragraph 8 above;

10. *Requests* the Subsidiary Body for Implementation, at its forty-eighth session, to consider the issue of the host of the sessions referred to in paragraph 8 above and to recommend a draft decision on the matter for consideration and adoption by the Conference of the Parties at its twenty-fourth session;

II. Calendar of meetings of the Convention, Kyoto Protocol and Paris Agreement bodies

11. *Decides* to adopt the following dates for the sessional periods in 2022:

(a) First sessional period: Monday, 6 June, to Thursday, 16 June;

(b) Second sessional period: Monday, 7 November, to Friday, 18 November.

13th plenary meeting
18 November 2017

Resolution 1/CP.23

Expression of gratitude to the Government of the Federal Republic of Germany and the people of the city of Bonn

Resolution submitted by Fiji

The Conference of the Parties, the Conference of the Parties serving as the meeting of the Parties to the Kyoto Protocol and the Conference of the Parties serving as the meeting of the Parties to the Paris Agreement,

Having met in Bonn from 6 to 17 November 2017 at the seat of the secretariat,

1. *Express their profound gratitude* to the Government of the Federal Republic of Germany for having made it possible for the twenty-third session of the Conference of the Parties, the thirteenth session of the Conference of the Parties serving as the meeting of the Parties to the Kyoto Protocol and the second part of the first session of the Conference of the Parties serving as the meeting of the Parties to the Paris Agreement to be held in Bonn;

2. *Request* the Government of the Federal Republic of Germany to convey to the city and people of Bonn the gratitude of the Conference of the Parties, the Conference of the Parties serving as the meeting of the Parties to the Kyoto Protocol and the Conference of the Parties serving as the meeting of the Parties to the Paris Agreement for the hospitality and warmth extended to the participants.

16th plenary meeting
18 November 2017